

REGULAR MEETING.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

MONDAY, November 19, 1906.

The Common Council of the City of Indianapolis met in the Council Chamber, Monday evening, November 19, 1906, at 7:30 o'clock, in regular session, President Frederick W. Eppert in the chair.

Present: The Hon. Frederick W. Eppert, President of the Common Council and 19 members, viz: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Bangs, Uhl, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofmann, Hilkene, Wright and Henry.

Absent, 1, viz: Mr. Davis.

Mr. Uhl moved that the reading of the Journal be dispensed with. Carried.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE MAYOR.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 14, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I return herewith with my approval Appropriation Ordinance No. 25, 1906, being "an ordinance appropriating the sum of \$500 to and for the use of the Department of Public Safety, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect."

I have the honor to remain,

Very truly yours,

C. A. BOOKWALTER,

Mayor.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: The smallpox epidemic which afflicted the City of Indianapolis late in the year 1901, and extending practically throughout the year 1902, and the early part of 1903, brought Indianapolis face to face with the most threatening situation which ever confronted it as a city.

At the time of this outbreak, Dr. Eugene Buehler was Secretary of the Board of Health, and also City Sanitarian, charged with the work of his department, and Charles A. Carter was Chief Clerk of such Board, being also a duly licensed physician. From the time the first cases of smallpox appeared until the close of the epidemic, with but few exceptions, every diagnosis was made by Dr. Buehler, such work together with the subsequent treatment of the cases requiring not only all of his official time, but practically compelling him to devote not less than sixteen to eighteen hours a day ministering to the suffering people of Indianapolis. During the period indicated, 1,196 cases developed in the city, and most of them were diagnosed and treated by Dr. Buehler. At the time the epidemic reached its height, the services of Dr. Carter were required to relieve Dr. Buehler of a portion of his work, and such services were rendered by Dr. Carter entirely in hours outside of those, which under ordinary circumstances, he would be asked to put in in the discharge of his duties as Chief Clerk of the Board of Health.

At the time of the outbreak, I made an investigation of the previous course of procedure of the Board of Health, and found that it had been the rule in cases of smallpox to employ a physician outside of the office force of the Board of Health, and to pay for such service \$10 for each diagnosis, and an additional amount for each subsequent visit.

In fact, one of the first claims presented to me after assuming office as Mayor in October, 1901, was one made by Dr. Theodore Wagner, in the sum of \$500 for special work on account of smallpox. This claim was approved by the Board of Health in part, and an examination of the records of the city, will disclose that early in 1902 the sum of \$300 was paid to Dr. Wagner for the work he had done under the administration of Mayor Taggart during the last year of his term. This sum was in addition to other payments made to Dr. Wagner before the close of Mayor Taggart's term. The amount of Dr. Wagner's claim and the many cases of smallpox which were quickly discovered in 1901, caused me to view with some apprehension the expense which would be entailed upon the people of the city should the old policy of compensation of the attending physician be followed. I immediately took up the question of treatment of smallpox with the members of the Board of Health, and with their approval, I asked Dr. Buehler to personally assume charge of all smallpox patients and all reported suspicious cases, with the assurance that I would approve of whatever bill would be sent to the Board of Health for such services, provided the amount of such bill would first be approved by such Board. In accordance with this request, Dr. Buehler assumed this work, and with a devotion to duty, and a heroism which has never been excelled; with a courage which challenged the admiration of every man familiar with the circumstances, he traveled Indianapolis all day and practically all night, and with the co-operation of the Board of Health through its vaccination stations which were established, cleaned Indianapolis from this most terrible scourge.

The condition of the City Treasury at the commencement of my former administration rendered the payment of the ordinary bills of the city a

matter requiring most careful consideration, and when this additional expense was added to these necessary bills, the many thousands of dollars which we were compelled to spend to stamp out this disease made the problem of municipal house-keeping indeed a most serious one.

Repeatedly during the year 1903, my attention was called to the claim of Dr. Buehler with the request for payment, but upon my assurance that as soon as the city would be in position to pay his claim, that I would recommend an appropriation to the Common Council, he most considerably agreed to wait for the money to which he was beyond any question entitled. At this time permit me to say that the claim of Dr. Buehler for this money had been formally approved by the members of the Board of Health early in 1903, and the same had been pending for more than six months. In 1903, my term as Mayor expired, and I was succeeded by Mr. Holtzman. The attention of the new Board of Health was at once called to this bill, and after examination, was by them unanimously approved, and a recommendation sent to the City Controller that the sum be paid. This officer saw fit, in the exercise of his duty, to make an investigation, and upon statements made by those who had been treated, and who in the days of their good health apparently quickly forgot the services rendered at the time of their peril, decided that the claim should not be paid from the regular appropriations then available.

Had the City of Indianapolis, under my administration, followed the usual course of procedure and paid \$10 for each diagnosis, a sum in excess of \$15,000 would have been expended for this item alone, because owing to the panic which then existed in the public mind, many cases which were not smallpox were reported, and as a matter of course, such cases had to be investigated just as closely as a genuine case of the disease. Add to this sum the regular charge per visit, which it had been the rule for the city to pay for such cases as were of necessity treated outside the isolation hospital, (such visits made by Dr. Buehler and Dr. Carter numbering nearly two thousand), it will readily be seen that the course adopted by the Board of Health and myself in 1901 in thus engaging the services of Dr. Buehler and Dr. Carter resulted, even after the payment of the claim now presented, in a saving to the people of Indianapolis of many thousands of dollars. This is an honest debt due to faithful public servants, and as an honest people, we should not by legal technicality seek to escape it.

I, therefore, recommend to you that the ordinance this day transmitted to you by the City Controller providing for the appropriation of \$2,445 be passed by your honorable body. From the terms of this ordinance, it will be seen that of this sum \$2,000 is paid to Dr. Buehler, and the balance to Dr. Carter. When this sum is paid, while we may feel that our monetary obligation has been discharged, I wish officially to say to the people of Indianapolis that they will never be able to discharge in full the deep obligation they are under to these brave men who stood between them and this terrible danger at a time when even brave men's hearts were weak.

I have the honor to remain,

Very truly yours,

C. A. BOOKWALTER,

Mayor.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 14, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I return herewith without my approval General Ordinance

No. 134, 1906, the same being "an ordinance fixing the number of employees and the salaries and compensations of such employees of the City of Indianapolis in the Department of the Public Parks."

I wish to be understood as being in complete harmony with the purpose of your honorable body in bringing the Department of Public Parks as thoroughly within the control of the legislative branch of the government as any other department of the city, but I do not feel warranted in approving the ordinance above referred to for various reasons.

1. The amount named as the compensation for the Superintendent to my mind has been placed at such a low figure in view of the fact that the statute creating such office prescribes that such officer shall be an engineer, as would preclude the securing of a competent man to assume the duties of such office.

2. I am of opinion that the terms of the ordinance accomplishing the purpose intended should be most carefully considered in so far as such ordinance relates to the engineering corps of such department. The vast amount of work which is contemplated will render it necessary that the widest possible latitude be given to the Board of Park Commissioners in naming such subordinates and determining the number of such appointees necessary to properly discharge the work of the department.

3. The ordinance should also embrace within its scope all of the various classes of appointees to be named by such Board, and the salaries of each of such classes should be specifically fixed.

4. The amount provided in this ordinance for the payment of office employees and the incidental expenses of the department will be wholly inadequate.

I shall be glad to take this matter up with the members of your honorable body at any time, and am satisfied that we will at all times find the members of the Board of Park Commissioners ready to co-operate with us in the preparation of such an ordinance as will accomplish the purpose in mind by the members of the Common Council at the time of the passage of the ordinance which I cannot approve.

I have the honor to remain,

Very truly yours,

C. A. BOOKWALTER,

Mayor.

Mr. Neukom moved that General Ordinance No. 134, 1906, be passed over the Mayor's veto.

Before the putting of the question Mr. Neukom asked permission to present the following communication, which was granted.

The residents of Indianapolis are hardly aware of the vast investment they have in public parks. They scarcely seem to realize that the lowest estimate of valuation of land and improvements will place the investment in the neighborhood of three million dollars. Each year this investment increases—every time a tree is planted, a shrub set out, a walk laid, a building erected, the valuation ascends.

All this property, belonging to the people, is under the supervision of the Park Board and directly under the supervision of the Superintendent of

Parks. It should be the purpose of this board and of the Superintendent to see to it that the people realize on this investment. It cannot be expected, of course, that the parks will return any dividends in cash or that they can ever approximate self-support. But it is to be expected that every foot of public land, treated as a park, will return to the citizens in beauty, fresh air, pleasant surroundings, opportunity for outings, pleasure, health, inspiration, annual dividends of incalculable value.

Indianapolis to-day must ask itself the question whether its vast investment is returning a proper or proportionate dividend in these important points. Are the residents of Indianapolis, who are paying for the support of the city's parks, getting all from them to which they are entitled? Do they receive annually, in proportion to expenditure, as much as other cities receive from similar public lands? Do the parks benefit as they should?

These questions arise and demand answer at the threshold of any consideration of the efficiency of the present management. Our conviction is that Indianapolis does not under conditions now existing receive a proportionate return, that the parks do not give the people, for the money expended on them, all to which the people, of right, are entitled. We say this after investigation in other cities, after survey of the systems there adopted and after learning to what uses the parks in these other cities are put. Our conclusion is that Indianapolis has spent its appropriations unwisely. The expenditure has been directed by a judgment we fear not always well formed, and the immediate result is a much smaller return on the investment than the city can reasonably expect.

This conclusion, thus briefly cited has not been reached by hasty consideration, but on the contrary by a careful study and comparison. In the management of Indianapolis parks there is certainly room for vast improvement and in recent years, instead of such improvement being visible it has seemed that only the least possible has been done. We do not assert that this has been due in any sense to lack of desire on the part of either the Park Board or the Park Superintendent, but we do insist that it can only be attributable to mismanagement.

We believe that the management on this ground should come more directly under general supervision, that the public through its representative and legislative body, the Council, have an opportunity to voice its sentiments and direct, in a general way, how its investment shall be treated. This, in truth, has formed the basis upon which we founded our support of the recent ordinance enacted by the Council which brought that body into active participation in the affairs of park management. We believe that much more could be done than is being done with the parks of Indianapolis. Indeed, much more should have been done in the past than has been done. We believe that the expenditure has been unwisely directed. The members of the Park Board are hardly to blame. There is not one among them, as the Park Board now stands, who is in any sense an expert—not one among them who has any actual practical knowledge of the work of landscape gardening and its kindred department. Every member therefore is dependent upon the advice and suggestions of the Superintendent. In this way it is apparent, the management of the parks becomes, after all a one man affair. The Superintendent offers suggestions; these are adopted or not as the state of finances may direct, but aside from his suggestions, little else is considered.

The Park Superintendent has maintained that he is a busy man, that his time is fully occupied in the pursuit of his duties. He insists that his duties as City Forester interfere with his duties as Park Superintendent and when he is asked to show some notable achievement in his capacity as City Forester, which will, in a measure, account for the time he asserts he is obliged to devote to this department, he turns the question aside by calling attention to his numerous and onerous duties as Superintendent

of parks. When, in turn, he is asked to show what personal supervision he gives to the parks that will justify his claim that this department occupies his time, to the exclusion of other business, he refers to his duties as City Forester. And so it goes. In the meantime we have neither a City Forester nor a Park Superintendent. The truth of the matter is that the Superintendent is busy because he has many private enterprises under way in which he is personally and financially interested, and, if these do not require much of the time that should be devoted to the duties of his office, then, indeed, he is a remarkable man and possessed of an ability far beyond the average. His investments are of the sort that require attention and close attention at that.

However, aside from such considerations, the fact remains that Indianapolis is sorely in need of two things—a City Forester and a Park Superintendent. A Superintendent is not satisfactory in the dual role. Whether the double duties are too many or not, or whether private enterprises interfere with their performance, we shall not attempt to say. It is enough for our purpose that Indianapolis is not receiving the returns on its park investment that it should and that this failure is directly attributable to the Superintendent.

We are reminded that Indianapolis has been invaded by the San Jose scale. This pest wrought such havoc at Irvington that residents of that place, sought everywhere for advice. Finally experts were brought and sample exhibitions of various spraying processes were shown. Where was the City Forester during all this time? After Irvington had learned all that it needed to know of the San Jose scale, after many of its trees were devastated, after the pest had spread to other sections of Indianapolis—in short after it was too late, Mr. Power announced that he was preparing a pamphlet on San Jose scales. This announcement was ridiculous, he should have been alert; on the scene fighting this pest, making it unnecessary to call for assistance from elsewhere. But he was not, apparently, interested. And his pamphlet, by the way, is still in process of preparation, so far as can be learned.

Trees in Indianapolis are dying from causes that could be readily controlled, were the City Forester attentive to his duty. If supervision of a personal nature is circumscribed by his duties as Park Superintendent, he has a powerful medium always at hand, through which he can warn the people, and advise them how to protect their shade trees. We refer to the public press; not a newspaper in Indianapolis would deny Mr. Power all the space he might desire for warning the people in such emergencies as that developed by the appearance of the San Jose scale.

In truth, in many ways, he could reach the people. Timely bulletins at small cost could be published by the Park Board and offered for free distribution. With this, however, we shall not further deal. There is and for some time has been an apparent effort to concentrate in Riverside Park various attractive features, to the especial advantage of Riverside Park and incidentally to the advantage of the Riverside Amusement Company, and to the detriment of the other parks. There is open and notorious criticism of the financial interests held by the Superintendent and by members of the Board of Park Commissioners in this Riverside Amusement Company. This interest tends to discredit the claim of disinterestedness in expenditures which attract patrons to the Amusement Company's place of business.

Mr. Power, however, could, if he were alive to the possibilities of his position, exert an influence that would be felt not only in the parks, but in every section of the city.

Were he greatly interested in his work, it would not be necessary for him to stop with recommending what sort of shade trees should be planted—

he could go further. Go as far, for instance as they do in Boston, where in public nurseries shade trees are grown for free distribution. Such a business could be conducted very cheaply and might, indeed, be made self-supporting.

We do not purpose, however, to continue with these details. We assert that Indianapolis has not profited from its parks as it should have done and that the fault is due largely to the failure of the present Superintendent to grasp fully his opportunities and to an expenditure of public funds that has not been directed by expert advice or by the best of judgment. The development of the parks has been slow. In Riverside Park during the past summer and the summer preceding, small trees were actually weighed down by caterpillar pests. These were not in remote parts of the park, either; but, directly in the path of those who pass from the shelter house to the golf links. With such an example before the eyes of the people of Mr. Power's strenuous efforts as City Forester, what vast appreciation must be felt for his self-sacrificing attention to duty! What a great object lesson was here to induce residents to keep their trees free from pests!

Personally, this Council wants the parks developed. We want this development to be as rapid as is consistent with financial considerations; and, we want to see every dollar spent judiciously, carefully and in a way that will bring to the people the best and most profitable results. We want the parks to be converted into places of beauty, where the people may sojourn, where the school children may go to prosecute their study of nature, where trees, shrubs and flowers that can be grown in Indiana will be found in abundance. We do not want any further expenditure, unwisely projected, that shall use money for purposes of doubtful utility, which can be used to far better advantage for things of pressing necessity. We want to see the parks ablaze with bloom next summer—not ten years hence. For the future there are many things to be done, but the present demands consideration, and this we believe it has not had.

Which was read.

President Eppert then put the original motion made by Mr. Neukom, which carried by the following vote:

Ayes, 19, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Bangs, Uhl, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofmann, Hilkene, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, 1, viz.: Mr. Wright.

REPORTS FROM CITY OFFICERS.

From the City Controller:

CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith present petition of Mrs. Mary C. Ramsey, widow and sole heir of William Ramsey, deceased, asking for the refund-

ing of the sum of \$120.56, being for unexpired portion of City Liquor License No. 208, from November 7, 1906, to May 2, 1907, for 176 days.

I herewith submit an ordinance appropriating the amount due and recommend its passage.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. T. BREUNIG,
City Controller.

State of Indiana.—Marion County.

Mary C. Ramsey does hereby petition to the City of Indianapolis for the amount of unexpired license on the saloon of the late William Ramsey, located at 1632 East Washington street, who died October 3, 1906, leaving the said Mary C. Ramsey, as sole heir. The said city license No. 208 was issued for the sum of \$250.00 on May 2, 1906, to expire on May 1, 1907, and the said petitioner asks for the amount of unexpired license from November 7, 1906, to May 2, 1907, to-wit: 176 days, amounting to \$120.56, and said petitioner closed the business in said saloon on November 6, 1906.

MARY C. RAMSEY.

Mary C. Ramsey, who being first duly sworn, upon her oath says that the matters and facts set forth in the foregoing petition are true.

MARY C. RAMSEY.

Subscribed and sworn to this the 19th day of November, 1906.

M. S. GILL,
Notary Public.

My commission expires July 12, 1909.

CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS,
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I present herewith a communication from the Board of Park Commissioners requesting an appropriation of \$1,485.38, amount due the Union Railway Co., as the city's portion of the cost of constructing a subway under the Belt Railroad at Pleasant Run in connection with the Pleasant Run Boulevard.

I herewith present an ordinance appropriating the amount above named and recommend its passage.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. T. BREUNIG,
City Controller.

CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS.
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 16, 1906.

Hon. George T. Breunig, City Controller:

DEAR SIR: On September 8, 1905, the City of Indianapolis, through its Board of Public Works, Board of Park Commissioners and Mayor Holtz-

man, entered into a contract with the Union Railway Co. for the construction of a subway under the Belt R. R. at Pleasant Run.

By the terms of this contract the railway company was to do the work and the city pay one-fourth the cost. The work has been completed and the railway company now sends a bill of \$1,941.05 for the same. There being no funds available, out of which this can be paid, we transmit the bill to you, together with a credit of \$455.67 which is due the city, and ask that you present to the honorable Common Council of the city an ordinance for a sufficient amount to pay the difference (\$1,485.38) between the two accounts.

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLES E. COFFIN,

M. A. DOWNING,

HENRY JAMESON,

JOHN J. APPEL.

Board of Park Commissioners.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith submit an ordinance appropriating the sum of \$2,445.00 to and for the use of the Department of Public Health and Charities to be used by said Department in full compensation for extraordinary services rendered by Dr. Eugene Buehler and Dr. Charles A. Carter in diagnosing and treating smallpox cases during the term from October, 1901, to October, 1903, and recommend its passage.

The reasons for this proposed appropriation are fully set out in a communication to your honorable body from His Honor, the Mayor. I believe that as a matter of right and justice this allowance should be made. If the services rendered by these two physicians had been paid for at the same rates or charges as was paid by the previous city administration it would have cost the city from \$12,000.00 to \$15,000.00.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. T. BREUNIG,

City Controller.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith present a communication from His Honor, the Mayor, recommending the appropriation of the sum of \$800.00 to be added to the \$300.00 appropriation heretofore made as a reward for the capture of the murderer of Patrolman Charles Russell.

Believing that there is a necessity for an increase in the reward offered—

that such additional appropriation will meet with the approval of our citizens—I recommend the immediate passage of the accompanying ordinance, making the appropriation requested.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. T. BREUNIG,
City Controller.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 16, 1906.

Geo. T. Breunig, City Controller, City:

DEAR SIR: In my opinion we would be justified to make an appropriation in addition to the amount heretofore provided for to increase the reward offered for the apprehension of Jesse Coe, the murderer of Patrolman Charles Russell. The police authorities believe that by making a liberal increase in this reward that the inducement offered will certainly result in his capture.

I would recommend that an ordinance be sent to the Common Council at its meeting next Monday evening, increasing the amount offered by the city to \$1,100.00. This, with the sums offered by outside parties, will make the full amount payable for his arrest \$1,500.00, there having been pledged by others the sum of \$400.00 for this purpose. I remain,

Very truly yours,

C. A. BOOKWALTER,
Mayor.

From Board of Public Works:

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
OFFICE OF THE BOARD.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 16, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I am directed by the Board of Public Works to forward to you, for your consideration and action thereon, the attached Switch Contract granting to the Marion Motor Car Company the right to lay and maintain a side-track or switch from Encaustic Tile switch across Fifteenth street.

Yours truly,

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
F. J. Noll, Jr., *Clerk.*

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
OFFICE OF THE BOARD.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 16, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I am directed by the Board of Public Works to forward to you, for your consideration and action thereon, the attached ordinances

authorizing and empowering the Board of Public Works to proceed with public improvements described as follows:

For the improvement of Twenty-first street, from Central avenue to Lake Erie & Western Railroad tracks, with bitulithic pavement and brick gutters.

For the improvement of Twenty-fourth street, from Capitol avenue to Illinois street, with bitulithic pavement, curb and brick gutters.

For the improvement of first alley west of Alabama street, from Pratt to Tenth streets, with brick roadway.

For the improvement of first alley east of Illinois street, from Pratt street to first alley south of Pratt street, with brick roadway.

For the improvement of first alley east of Alabama street, from Sixteenth to Nineteenth streets, with brick roadway.

For the improvement of first alley west of East street, from Pratt street to first alley north of Pratt street, with brick roadway.

Yours respectfully,

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
F. J. Noll, Jr., *Clerk.*

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

From the Finance Committee:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Finance Committee, to which was referred Appropriation Ordinance No. 26, 1906, entitled, "an ordinance appropriating the sum of \$177.87 to and for the use of the Department of Finance, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect," begs leave to report that it has had the same under consideration and recommends that said ordinance do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

HARRY E. ROYSE,
W. O. BANGS,
W. A. RHODES,
ALBERT E. COTTEY,
J. H. HAMLET,
JAS. F. SULLIVAN,
JACOB H. HILKENE.

Mr. Royse moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

From the Finance Committee:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Finance Committee, to which was referred General Ordinance No. 131, 1906, entitled, "an ordinance providing for the transfer of certain funds to certain funds in and for the use of the Department of Public Safety, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect," begs leave to report that it has had the same under consideration and recommends that said ordinance do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

HARRY E. ROYSE.
W. O. BANGS.
W. A. RHODES.
ALBERT E. COTTEY.
J. H. HAMLET.
JAS. F. SULLIVAN.
JACOB H. HILKENE.

Mr. Royse moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

From the Finance Committee:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Finance Committee, to which was referred General Ordinance No. 130, entitled, "an ordinance providing for the transfer of certain funds to certain funds to and for the use of the Department of Public Works, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect," begs leave to report that it has had said ordinance under consideration and recommends that said ordinance do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

HARRY E. ROYSE.
W. O. BANGS.
W. A. RHODES.
ALBERT E. COTTEY.
J. H. HAMLET.
JAS. F. SULLIVAN
JACOB H. HILKENE.

Mr. Royse moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

From Committee on Public Property and Improvements:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee on Public Property and Improvements, to which was referred General Ordinance No. 106, 1906, an ordinance entitled, "an ordinance authorizing and empowering the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, to improve Catterson street, from the south property line of Twenty-first street to the north property line of Sixteenth street, with brick," beg leave to report that we have had the same under consideration and recommend that the same do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

B. A. BROWN.

HARRY E. ROYSE.

JOHN L. DONAVON.

Mr. Brown moved the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

From the Committee on Public Safety and Comfort:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee on Public Safety and Comfort, to whom was referred General Ordinance No. 101, 1906, entitled, an ordinance requiring peddlars and hawkers to pay a license to the City of Indianapolis, providing penalties for the violation thereof and repealing all ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict therewith; have had same under consideration and would recommend that said ordinance be amended by striking out the words (wholesale or) of Section one and inserting the following at the end of Section 2: Section 3. The foregoing provisions shall not be construed so as to apply to any person selling produce of his or her own raising, nor to children under the age of fifteen years who sell fruit, matches or stationery on their own account, nor to persons selling newspapers.

Your Committee further recommends that the words and figures "Section 3" be amended so as to read Section 4; "Section 4" to Section 5; "Section 5" to Section 6; "Section 6" to Section 7, and when so amended would recommend that same do pass.

J. H. HAMLET.

JOHN F. WOOD.

LOUIS F. HENRY.

OTTO HOFMANN.

WM. J. NEUKOM.

Mr. Hamlet moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

From the Committee on Public Safety and Comfort:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee on Public Safety and Comfort, to whom was referred General Ordinance No. 85, 1906, entitled, "an ordinance to amend Section No. 4 of an ordinance entitled, 'an ordinance providing for the inspection of scales, weights and measures, in the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, providing for the appointment of an Inspector of Scales, Weights and Measures, and defining his duties and compensation, providing penalties for the violation thereof and fixing a time when the same shall take effect,' approved June 20, 1902, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect," beg leave to report that we have had same under careful consideration and recommend that the same do not pass.

Respectfully submitted,

J. H. HAMLET.
WM. J. NEUKOM.
LOUIS F. HENRY.
OTTO HOFMANN.
JOHN F. WOOD.

Mr. Hamlet moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

From Committee on Railroads:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 5, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred General Ordinance No. 120, 1906, entitled, an ordinance requiring the Vandalia Railroad Company to station a flagman at the crossing of said railway and Harding street, have had same under consideration and would recommend that same do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

ALBERT E. COTTEY.
E. J. STICKELMAN.
CHAS. G. DAVIS.
JACOB H. HILKENE.
B. A. BROWN.

Mr. Cottey moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

From Committee on Railroads:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 19, 1906.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred General Ordinance No. 121, 1906, entitled, an ordinance approving a certain contract granting S. S. Roades & Son the right to lay and maintain a side-track or switch along and across the north side of Georgia street, have had same under consideration and would recommend that same do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

ALBERT E. COTTEY.
B. A. BROWN.
E. J. STICKELMAN.
JACOB H. HILKENE.

Mr. Cottey moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

INTRODUCTION OF APPROPRIATION ORDINANCES.

By the City Controller:

Appropriation Ordinance No. 29—1906: An ordinance appropriating the sum of \$800.00 to and for the use of the Department of Public Safety, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That there be, and is hereby, appropriated the sum of eight hundred dollars (\$800.00) to and for the use of the Department of Public Safety, to be offered and used as a reward for the discovery and arrest of the murderer of Patrolman Charles Russell. The amount herein appropriated being in addition to the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300.00) heretofore appropriated for the purpose herein named.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time.

Mr. Rhodes moved that the rules be suspended and Appropriation Ordinance No. 29, 1906, be placed upon its passage. Carried.

Mr. Rhodes called for Appropriation Ordinance No. 29, 1906, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Rhodes moved that Appropriation Ordinance No. 29, 1906, be ordered engrossed, read a third time and placed upon its passage. Carried.

Appropriation Ordinance No. 29, 1906, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, 20, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Bangs, Uhl, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofmann, Hilkene, Wright, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, none.

By the City Controller:

Appropriation Ordinance No. 30—1906: An ordinance appropriating the sum of \$1,485.38 to and for the use of the Board of Park Commissioners, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That there be, and is hereby, appropriated the sum of fourteen hundred and eighty-five dollars and thirty-eight cents (\$1,485.38) to and for the use of the Department of Public Parks to be credited to the Pleasant Run Boulevard fund, and to be used by said Department in the payment of a certain claim of the Union Railway Company against the City of Indianapolis, said amount being the city's portion of the expense of constructing a subway under the Belt Railroad tracks at Pleasant Run, made necessary by reason of the construction of the Pleasant Run Boulevard.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

By the City Controller:

Appropriation Ordinance No. 31—1906: An ordinance appropriating the sum of \$120.56 to and for the use of the Department of Finance, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the sum of one hundred and twenty dollars and fifty-six cents (\$120.56) be, and the same is hereby, appropriated to and for the use of the Department of Finance, to be used in the payment of the claim of Mrs. Mary C. Ramsey, widow and sole heir of William Ramsey, deceased, being the unexpired portion of City Liquor License No. 208, issued to said William Ramsey, for conducting saloon at 1632 E. Washington street, from November 7, 1906, to May 2, 1907, this claim being made under and in pursuance to the provisions of Section 8 of an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, entitled, "An Act to Better Regulate and Restrict the Sale of Liquors," etc. Approved March 11, 1895.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

By the City Controller:

Appropriation Ordinance No. 32—1906: An ordinance appropriating the sum of \$2,445.00 to and for the use of the Department of Public Health and Charities, and fixing the time when the same shall take effect.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That there be, and is hereby, appropriated the sum of two thousand four hundred and forty-five dollars (\$2,445.00) to and for the use of the Department of Public Health and Charities to be used as follows:

Two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) to be paid to Dr. Eugene Buehler;

Four hundred and forty-five dollars (\$445.00) to be paid to Dr. Charles A. Carter.

The payments herein provided for to be accepted by said Dr. Eugene Buehler and Dr. Charles A. Carter as payment in full for all services rendered by them respectively in diagnosing and treating smallpox cases during their term of service with and for the city beginning in the month of October, 1901, and ending in the month of October, 1903, and in full compensation for all and any kind of services rendered by them in connection with smallpox or other contagious diseases.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

INTRODUCTION OF GENERAL AND SPECIAL ORDINANCES.

By Board of Public Works:

General Ordinance No. 135—1906: An ordinance approving a certain contract granting The Marion Motor Car Company the right to lay and maintain a side-track or switch from Encaustic Tile switch across Fifteenth street, according to blue print attached, in the City of Indianapolis, Indiana.

WHEREAS, *heretofore, to-wit:* On the 12th day of October, 1906, The Marion Motor Car Company, by L. C. Boyd, President, filed its petition before the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, as follows:

PETITION.

To the Board of Public Works, City of Indianapolis:

GENTLEMEN: I hand to you with this communication a blue print showing a proposed extension of the siding of the Big Four road from the south end of the Encaustic Tile switch across Fifteenth street to the south line of our property, being a distance of about 122 feet on the property of this Company. In order that we may conduct the business of this Company profitably it will be necessary that we have this switch extended so that we may handle loaded cars for incoming material and outbound finished product. Heretofore we have been carting in our material and delivering our finished product at the freight house, which of itself is embarrassing to us.

We would respectfully petition your honorable body for permission and authority to cross Fifteenth street with this extended switch at a point as approximately indicated on the accompanying blue print.

Asking a favorable consideration, we beg to remain,

Now, Therefore, This agreement, made and entered into this 14th day of November, 1906, by and between The Marion Motor Car Company of the City of Indianapolis, County of Marion, State of Indiana, party of the first part, and the City of Indianapolis, by and through its Board of Public Works, party of the second part.

Witnesseth: That the party of the first part, being desirous of securing a right-of-way for a side-track or switch from the south end of the Encaustic Tile switch across Fifteenth street in the City of Indianapolis, which is more specifically described as follows:

A proposed extension of the siding of the Big Four road from the south end of the Encaustic Tile switch across Fifteenth street to the south line of our property, being a distance of about 122 feet on the property of this Company, hereby covenants and fully binds himself, his successors, legal representatives and assigns, that, in consideration of the grant of the privileges and authority herein given, he will lay, construct and maintain said track upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, to-wit:

(1) They shall be so laid, improved and kept in repair as to be safe for persons on foot, in vehicles or otherwise, and shall, at all times, be

subject to the orders of the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis.

(2) Said track and switch shall be laid upon such grade as shall be established by said Board, and shall be put down under its supervision and to its satisfaction and approval. Said track shall be raised or lowered to conform to any grade which may, from time to time, be hereafter established, whenever so ordered, in writing, by said Board, and shall be made to conform in all respects with any ordinance passed by the Common Council or with any resolution or resolutions made by said Board, for the elevation or depression of said tracks.

(3) The crossing where said track intersects Fifteenth street shall, at all times, be kept improved and in repair and free from obstructions or defects of any kind. No car or cars shall be permitted to obstruct such crossing or to be thereon except for such time as may be absolutely necessary in moving them back and forth, and they shall be at no time stopped or detained thereon in such manner as to obstruct public travel.

(4) Said party of the first part agrees, upon the written order of said Board, made for any good cause affecting the interest of the City or the public welfare, to take up and remove said track, and upon said party's failure so to do, upon such notification in writing, of ten (10) days, to promptly pay the cost of having the same done, and the party of the first part hereby releases all claims for damages whatsoever that may arise by reason of such removal; and in removing said track or causing the same to be done, said Board shall in nowise become a trespasser.

(5) The party of the first part agrees to pave between said track to the entire satisfaction of the second party, and in case said tracks shall be or become out of repair or in need of being reconstructed, or become in any way defective (of which fact the said Board shall be the exclusive judge), it shall be the duty of the said party of the first part to promptly repair or remove the same, failing in which, after notification in writing of ten (10) days, said Board shall do or cause the same to be done at the expense of the said party of the first part and for which expense and cost the said party of the first part shall be liable.

(6) The said party of the first part herein binds himself to hold said party of the second part and said city harmless from any and all claims for damages growing out of the existence, maintenance or use of said track, and to pay any judgment, with costs, that may on that account be rendered against the said party or said city, and also to pay all necessary expenses that may be incurred by said city in defending against any such claims.

(7) Any violations of any of the provisions of this instrument by said party of the first part, or by any one for it or at its instance or with its permission, shall operate as an immediate and absolute forfeiture of the privileges and authority given or granted by this contract; *Provided, however*, That the same may be terminated by said Board, as hereinbefore set forth.

Said party of the second part by virtue of the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, entitled, "An act concerning municipal corporations," approved March 6, 1905, and in consideration of the things hereinbefore set forth and upon the terms and provisions stipulated, hereby gives, grants and duly vests said party of the first part the right, privilege and authority to lay and maintain an additional side-track or switch across Fifteenth street, in the City of Indianapolis, all as shown by the drawing attached hereto, filed herewith and for greater certainty marked "Exhibit A."

In Witness Whereof, We have hereunto set our hands this 14th day of November, 1906.

THE MARION MOTOR CAR CO.,
By L. C. Boyd, *President*,
Party of the first part.

Witness:
H. MCK. LANDON.

CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS,

By.....
President.

P. C. TRUSLER.
F. J. MACK.
Board of Public Works,
Party of the second part.

AND, WHEREAS, Said contract has been submitted by the Board of Public Works to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, for its consideration and action, now, therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That such contract above set forth be, and the same is hereby in all things confirmed and approved.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

By Board of Public Works:

General Ordinance No. 136—1906: An ordinance authorizing and empowering the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, to improve Twenty-first street, from east property line Central avenue to Lake Erie & Western Railroad tracks, with bitulithic pavement, brick gutters.

WHEREAS, The Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, did on the 3d day of October, 1906, adopt Improvement Resolution No. 4805, 1906, for the improvement of Twenty-first street, from the east property line of Central avenue to the Lake Erie and Western Railroad tracks, except crossing of College avenue, by grading and paving the roadway from curb line to curb line to a uniform width of twenty-seven (27) feet with Warren's Patent Bitulithic Pavement, laid on a six (6) inch concrete foundation, including the wings of intersecting streets and alleys, except the space of twenty-four (24) and eighty-four (84) inches on each side to be brick gutters; grading and paving the gutters with brick laid on a six (6) inch concrete foundation to widths of twenty-four (24) and eighty-four (84) inches and placing the necessary marginal stones.

WHEREAS, The said Board of Public Works did at the same time fix the

19th day of October, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M. as a date to hear all persons interested or whose property is affected by said proposed improvement; and the notice of the passage of said resolution and of the said time for hearing was published on the 4th day of October, 1906, and the 11th day of October, 1906, in the Indianapolis Sun, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, and notices by mail duly forwarded as provided by law; and

WHEREAS, On the 19th day of October, 1906, the Board having met in regular session, took final action on said Improvement Resolution without modification; and

WHEREAS, On the 27th day of October, 1906, a written remonstrance was filed with the Board against the said improvement of Twenty-first street, and the same was referred to the City Civil Engineer for investigation and report; and

WHEREAS, On the 7th day of November, 1906, the City Civil Engineer filed his written report, stating that a majority of the resident property-owners had signed said remonstrance, and

WHEREAS, On the 7th day of November, 1906, the said Board of Public Works directed that said resolution be referred to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, with a request that said Council pass an ordinance authorizing and empowering the said Board of Public Works to make said improvement in accordance with said resolution; now, therefore

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the Board of Public Works of said City be, and the same is, hereby authorized and empowered to improve Twenty-first street, from the east property line of Central avenue to the Lake Erie and Western Railroad tracks, except crossing College avenue, by grading and paving the roadway from curb line to curb line to a uniform width of twenty-seven (27) feet with Warren's Patent Bitulithic Pavement laid on a six (6) inch concrete foundation, including the wings of intersecting streets and alleys except the space of twenty-four (24) and eighty-four (84) inches on each side to be brick gutters; grading and paving the gutters with brick laid on a six (6) inch concrete foundation to widths of twenty-four (24) and eighty-four (84) inches and placing the necessary marginal stones, in accordance with Improvement Resolution No. 4805, 1906, adopted by the Board of Public Works on the 3d day of October, 1906.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Sewers, Streets and Alleys.

By Board of Public Works:

General Ordinance No. 137—1906: An ordinance authorizing and empowering the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, to improve Twenty-fourth street, from east property line Capitol avenue to the west property line Illinois street with Warren's Patent Bitulithic Pavement, curb and brick gutters.

WHEREAS, The Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, did on the 19th day of October, 1906, adopt Improvement Resolution

No. 4839, 1906, for the improvement of Twenty-fourth street, from the east property line of Capitol avenue to the west property line of Illinois street, by grading and paving the roadway from curb line to curb line to a uniform width of twenty-four (24) feet, except the space of twenty-four inches on each side to be brick gutters, with Warren's Patent Bitulithic Pavement laid on a six (6) inch concrete foundation, including the wings of intersecting streets and alleys; grading and paving the gutters with brick laid on a six (6) inch concrete foundation to widths of twenty-four (24) and seventy-two (72) inches, all as shown on plans, curbing the outer edges of the roadway, constructing inlets and placing necessary marginal stones, all as shown on plans.

WHEREAS, The said Board of Public Works did at the same time fix the 5th day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M. as a date to hear all persons interested or whose property is affected by said proposed improvement; and the notice of the passage of said resolution and of the said time for hearing was published on the 20th day of October, 1906, and the 27th day of October, 1906, in the Indianapolis Sun, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, and notices by mail duly forwarded as provided by law; and

WHEREAS, On the 5th day of November, 1906, the Board having met in regular session, took final action on said Improvement Resolution without modification; and

WHEREAS, On the 5th day of November, 1906, a written remonstrance was filed with the Board against the said improvement of Twenty-fourth street, and the same was referred to the City Civil Engineer for investigation and report; and

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of November, 1906, the City Civil Engineer filed his written report, stating that a majority of the resident property-owners had signed said remonstrance, and

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of November, 1906, the said Board of Public Works directed that said resolution be referred to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, with a request that said Council pass an ordinance authorizing and empowering the said Board of Public Works to make said improvement in accordance with said resolution; now, therefore

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the Board of Public Works of said City be, and the same is, hereby authorized and empowered to improve Twenty-fourth street, from the east property line of Capitol avenue to the west property line of Illinois street, by grading and paving the roadway from curb line to curb line to a uniform width of twenty-four (24) feet, except the space of twenty-four inches on each side to be brick gutters, with Warren's Patent Bitulithic Pavement laid on a six (6) inch concrete foundation, including the wings of intersecting streets and alleys; grading and paving the gutters with brick laid on a six (6) inch concrete foundation to widths of twenty-four (24) and seventy-two (72) inches, all as shown on plans; curbing the outer edges of the roadway; constructing inlets and placing necessary marginal stones, all as shown on plans, in accordance with Improvement Resolution No. 4839, 1906, adopted by the Board of Public Works on the 19th day of October, 1906.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Sewers, Streets and Alleys.

By Board of Public Works:

General Ordinance No. 138—1906: An ordinance authorizing and empowering the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, to improve first alley west of East street, from the north property line Pratt street to the south property line of first alley north of Pratt street, with brick roadway.

WHEREAS, The Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, did on the 29th day of October, 1906, adopt Improvement Resolution No. 4860, 1906, for the improvement of first alley west of East street, from the north property line of Pratt street to the south property line of first alley north of Pratt street, by grading and paving the roadway with brick laid on a six (6) inch broken stone foundation from property line to property line to a uniform width of nine (9) feet, except the space of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) inches on each side to be marginal plank and placing said marginal plank as shown on plans.

WHEREAS, The said Board of Public Works did at the same time fix the 14th day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M. as a date to hear all persons interested or whose property is affected by said proposed improvement; and the notice of the passage of said resolution and of the said time for hearing was published on the 30th day of October, 1906, and the 6th day of November, 1906, in the Indianapolis Sun, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, and notices by mail duly forwarded as provided by law; and

WHEREAS, On the 14th day of November, 1906, the Board having met in regular session, took final action on said Improvement Resolution without modification; and

WHEREAS, On the 14th day of November, 1906, a written remonstrance was filed with the Board against the said improvement of first alley west of East, and the same was referred to the City Civil Engineer for investigation and report; and

WHEREAS, On the 16th day of November, 1906, the City Civil Engineer filed his written report, stating that a majority of the resident property-owners had signed said remonstrance, and

WHEREAS, On the 16th day of November, 1906, the said Board of Public Works directed that said resolution be referred to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, with a request that said Council pass an ordinance authorizing and empowering the said Board of Public Works to make said improvement in accordance with said resolution; now, therefore

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the Board of Public Works of said City be, and the same is, hereby authorized and empowered to improve first alley west of East street, from the north property line of Pratt street to the south line of the first alley north of Pratt street, by grading and paving the roadway with brick laid on a six (6) inch broken stone foundation from property line to property line to a uniform width of nine (9) feet, except the space of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) inches on each side to be marginal plank and placing said marginal plank as shown on plans, in accordance with Improvement Resolution No. 4860, 1906, adopted by the Board of Public Works on the 29th day of October, 1906.

SEC. 2. This ordinance, shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Sewers, Streets and Alleys.

By Board of Public Works:

General Ordinance No. 139—1906: An ordinance authorizing and empowering the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, to improve first alley east of Illinois street, from north property line of first alley south of Pratt street to the south property line of Pratt street, with brick roadway.

WHEREAS, The Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, did on the 24th day of October, 1906, adopt Improvement Resolution No. 4855, 1906, for the improvement of first alley east of Illinois street, from the north property line of first alley south of Pratt street to the south property line of Pratt street, by grading and paving the roadway with brick laid on a six (6) inch rolled broken stone foundation from property line to property line to a uniform width of ten (10) feet, except the space of one and one-half (1½) inches on each side to be oak marginal plank, and placing said marginal plank as shown on plans.

WHEREAS, The said Board of Public Works did at the same time fix the 9th day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M. as a date to hear all persons interested or whose property is affected by said proposed improvement; and the notice of the passage of said resolution and of the said time for hearing was published on the 25th day of October, 1906, and the first day of November, 1906, in the Indianapolis Sun, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, and notices by mail duly forwarded as provided by law; and

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of November, 1906, the Board having met in regular session, took final action on said Improvement Resolution without modification; and

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of November, 1906, a written remonstrance was filed with the Board against the said improvement of first alley east of Illinois, and the same was referred to the City Civil Engineer for investigation and report; and

WHEREAS, On the 16th day of November, 1906, the City Civil Engineer filed his written report, stating that a majority of the resident property-owners had signed said remonstrance, and

WHEREAS, On the 16th day of November, 1906, the said Board of Public Works directed that said resolution be referred to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, with a request that said Council pass an ordinance authorizing and empowering the said Board of Public Works to make said improvement in accordance with said resolution; now, therefore

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the Board of Public Works of said City be, and the same is, hereby authorized and empowered to improve the first alley east of Illinois street, from the north property line of the first alley south of Pratt street to the south property line of Pratt street, by grading and paving the roadway with brick laid on a six (6) inch rolled broken stone foundation from property line to property line to a uniform width of ten (10) feet, except the space of one and one-half (1½) inches on each side to be oak marginal plank and placing said marginal plank as shown on plans, in accordance with Improvement Resolution No. 4855, 1906, adopted by the Board of Public Works on the 24th day of October, 1906.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Public Property and Improvements.

By Board of Public Works :

General Ordinance No. 140—1906: An ordinance authorizing and empowering the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, to improve first alley east of Alabama street, from north property line of Sixteenth street to south property line of Nineteenth street, with brick roadway.

WHEREAS, The Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, did on the 8th day of October, 1906, adopt Improvement Resolution No. 4822, 1906, for the improvement of first alley east of Alabama street, from the north property line of Sixteenth street to the south property line of Nineteenth street, by grading and paving the roadway with brick laid on a six (6) inch broken stone foundation from property line to property line to a uniform width of twenty (20) feet, except a space of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) inches on each side to be marginal plank, and furnishing and placing the necessary marginal stones and oak marginal plank in the manner shown on plans.

WHEREAS, The said Board of Public Works did at the same time fix the 24th day of October, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M. as a date to hear all persons interested or whose property is affected by said proposed improvement; and the notice of the passage of said resolution and of the said time for hearing was published on the 9th day of October, 1906, and the 16th day of October, 1906, in the Indianapolis Sun, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, and notices by mail duly forwarded as provided by law; and

WHEREAS, On the 24th day of October, 1906, the Board having met in regular session, took final action on said Improvement Resolution without modification; and

WHEREAS, On the 31st day of October, 1906, a written remonstrance of the majority of the resident property-owners was filed with the Board against the said improvement of _____, and

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of November, 1906, the said Board of Public Works directed that said resolution be referred to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, with a request that said Council pass an ordinance authorizing and empowering the said Board of Public Works to make said improvement in accordance with said resolution; now, therefore

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the Board of Public Works of said City be, and the same is, hereby authorized and empowered to improve first alley east of Alabama street, from the north property line of Sixteenth street to the south property line of Nineteenth street, by grading and paving the roadway with brick laid on a six (6) inch broken stone foundation from property line to property line to a uniform width of twenty (20) feet, except a space of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) inches on each side to be marginal plank, and furnishing and placing the necessary marginal stones and oak marginal plank in the manner shown on plans, in accordance with Improvement Resolution No. 4822, 1906, adopted by the Board of Public Works on the 8th day of October, 1906.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Public Property and Improvements.

By Board of Public Works:

General Ordinance No. 141—1906: An ordinance authorizing and empowering the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, to improve first alley west of Alabama street, from north property line Pratt street to south property line Tenth street, with brick roadway.

WHEREAS, The Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, did on the 24th day of October, 1906, adopt Improvement Resolution No. 4854, 1906, for the improvement of first alley west of Alabama street, from the north property line of Pratt street to the south property line of Tenth street, by grading and paving the roadway with brick laid on a six (6) inch broken stone foundation from property line to property line to a uniform width of fifteen (15) feet, except the space of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) inches on each side to be marginal plank and setting marginal plank all as shown on plans.

WHEREAS, The said Board of Public Works did at the same time fix the 9th day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M. as a date to hear all persons interested or whose property is affected by said proposed improvement; and the notice of the passage of said resolution and of the said time for hearing was published on the 25th day of October, 1906, and the first day of November, 1906, in the Indianapolis Sun, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, and notices by mail duly forwarded as provided by law; and

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of November, 1906, the Board having met in regular session, took final action on said Improvement Resolution without modification; and

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of November, 1906, a written remonstrance was filed with the Board against the said improvement of first alley west of Alabama, and the same was referred to the City Civil Engineer for investigation and report; and

WHEREAS, On the 16th day of November, 1906, the City Civil Engineer filed his written report, stating that a majority of the resident property-owners had signed said remonstrance, and

WHEREAS, On the 16th day of November, 1906, the said Board of Public Works directed that said resolution be referred to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, with a request that said Council pass an ordinance authorizing and empowering the said Board of Public Works to make said improvement in accordance with said resolution; now, therefore

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the Board of Public Works of said City be, and the same is, hereby authorized and empowered to improve first alley west of Alabama street, from the north property line of Pratt street to the south property line of Tenth street, by grading and paving the roadway with brick laid on a six (6) inch broken stone foundation from property line to property line to a uniform width of fifteen (15) feet, except the space of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) inches on each side to be marginal plank and setting said marginal plank, all as shown on plans, in accordance with Improvement Resolution No. 4854, 1906, adopted by the Board of Public Works on the 24th day of October, 1906.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Public Property and Improvements.

By President Eppert:

General Ordinance No. 142—1906: An ordinance to amend Section one (1) of an ordinance, entitled, "an ordinance establishing and declaring certain parts of Capitol avenue in the City of Indianapolis, to be a boulevard under the control and management of the Board of Park Commissioners," adopted July 2, 1906.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That Section one (1) of the above entitled ordinance be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That that portion of the street known as Capitol avenue, between its intersection with the north line of Indiana avenue, and the north end of the bridge over Fall Creek at its intersection with said avenue, be and the same is hereby established and declared to be a boulevard, and shall be under the exclusive government, management and control of the Board of Park Commissioners of said city, subject to the laws of the State, and to the powers of the Common Council in relation thereto.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Ordinance Committee.

By Mr. Royse:

General Ordinance No. 143—1906: An ordinance fixing the salary for stenographer to the Board of Public Works, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, That from and after the passage and taking effect of this ordinance the stenographer to the Board of Public Works shall receive a salary at the rate of seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) per month.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis and its approval by the Mayor of said city.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

By President Eppert:

General Ordinance No. 144—1906: An ordinance fixing the number of employees and compensations of such employees of the City of Indianapolis, in the Department of Public Parks in said city.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of In-

dianapolis, Indiana, That from and after the passage and adoption of this ordinance, the employees in the Department of Public Parks in said City of Indianapolis shall be and consist of in addition to the ones described and covered in General Ordinance No. 134, 1906, as follows:

SEC. 2. One clerk of the Park Board, one forester inspector, one chainman and one custodian each for the several hereafter named parks.

SEC. 3. The salaries to be paid such several employees shall be paid monthly out of any appropriations heretofore or hereafter made and such salaries shall be as follows:

SEC. 4. The clerk of the Park Board salary shall be in full for all services rendered by him paid the sum of one hundred (\$100) dollars per month.

One assistant forester inspector salary shall be in full for all services rendered by him for a duration only of eight (8) months in the year the sum of sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

One chainman's salary shall be in full for all services rendered by him for a period of seven (7) months in the year the sum of sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

One custodian for each of the several parks herein named below, and salaries respectively named for each; and each named amount of salary shall be in full for all services rendered by such custodian.

Custodians for

Garfield Park shall receive sixty-five (\$65) dollars per month.

Riverside Park shall receive seventy-five (\$75) dollars per month.

University Park shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Military Park shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Brookside Park shall receive sixty-five (\$65) dollars per month.

St. Clair and Ft. Wayne triangle, jointly, shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Greenlawn shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Fall Creek Boulevard and Capitol Avenue Boulevard, jointly, shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Spades triangle and Eleventh street centers, jointly, sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Irving Circle shall receive forty-five (\$45) dollars per month.

Indianola Square shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Highland Square shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

East Thirty-second street shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Flower Mission shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Morton Place shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Morris Square and McCarty Place, jointly, sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Highland Place shall receive sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

Hendricks—Fletcher and Oriole—South, jointly, sixty (\$60) dollars per month.

SEC. 5. The salaries for the several additional named employees shall be in full for all services rendered by them, and each shall receive as salaries the sums as follows:

Head florist shall receive \$75.00 per month.

Assistant florists shall receive \$55.00 per month.

Foreman over laborers shall receive \$2.00 per day.

Laborers shall receive \$1.60 per day.

Teamsters shall receive \$3.50 per day.

Watchmen shall receive \$2.00 per day.

Animal man shall receive \$60.00 per month.

Barn foreman shall receive \$60.00 per month.

This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Fees and Salaries.

By Mr. Hartmann:

Special Ordinance No. 9—1906: An ordinance annexing certain territory to the City of Indianapolis, and defining a part of the boundary line of said city, and fixing a time when the same shall take effect.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the boundary lines of the City of Indianapolis be and the same are hereby extended so as to include the following described contiguous territory, all of which is hereby annexed to and made a part of the territory constituting and forming the City of Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana:

Beginning at a point one hundred and fifty feet (150) east of the center line of Section Three (3), Township Fifteen (15) North, Range Four (4) east. Said point is on the present corporation line of the City of Indianapolis, and one hundred and fifty (150) feet east of the center line of Ritter avenue. Thence north parallel and one hundred and fifty feet east of the center line of Ritter avenue, said line being the east line of the northwest one-quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Three (3), Township Fifteen (15) North, Range Four (4) east, to a point on the north line of Section Three (3), Township Fifteen (15) North, Range Four (4) east, and one hundred and fifty (150) feet east of the northeast corner of the northwest quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Three (3), Township Fifteen (15) North, Range Four (4) east. Thence north and parallel to the east line of southwest quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Thirty-four (34), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Four (4) east, one hundred and fifty (150) feet. Thence west and parallel to the south line of Section Thirty-four (34), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Four (4) east, to the east line of the southeast quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Thirty-three (33), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Four (4) east, said point being the center line of Emerson Avenue, and one hundred and fifty (150) feet north of the southwest corner of Section Thirty-four (34), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Four (4) east. Thence north along the east line of the southeast quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Thirty-three (33), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Four (4) east, to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of said Section Thirty-three (33), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Four (4) east, and said point being the intersection of Emerson Avenue and the Sixteenth Street Free Gravel Road; thence west along the center line of Section Thirty-three (33), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Four (4) east, to the northwest corner of the southwest quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of said Section Thirty-three (33), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Four (4) east, said point being the intersection of Sherman Drive and Sixteenth Street Free Gravel Road; thence west along the center line of Section Thirty-two (32), Township Sixteen

(16) North, Range Four (4) east, to the center line of the right-of-way of the Belt Railroad and Stockyards Company, said point being the intersection of the right-of-way of the Belt Railroad and Stockyards Company and Sixteenth street; thence south and southwest along the center line of the right-of-way of the Belt Railroad and Stockyards Company to the center line of Walnut street; thence east along the center line of Walnut street to the east line of Section Five (5), Township Fifteen (15) North, Range Four (4) east, said line being the center line of Sherman Drive, to the center line of the first alley north of Michigan street and said line extended east to a point which would be the center line of the first alley of Linwood avenue extended north; thence south with said line to the center line of Michigan street, said line being the center line of Michigan street said line being the center of Section Four (4), Township Fifteen (15) North, Range Four (4) east; thence east along the center line of Michigan street and said line extended eastwardly to a point one hundred and fifty (150) feet east of the center line of Section Three (3), Township Fifteen (15) North, Range Four (4) east. The said point is on the present corporation line of the City of Indianapolis, the place of beginning.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication once each week for two consecutive weeks in the Indianapolis Sun, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, Indiana.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Ordinance Committee.

By Mr. Hamlet:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., October 29, 1906.

To the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis:

The undersigned, all of whom are regularly licensed and practicing physicians and surgeons of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, being desirous of establishing, maintaining and operating a Hospital for general hospital purposes, hereby respectfully apply to your Honorable Body for permission to establish, maintain and operate in the East Wing of The Physio-Medical College Building, formerly known as the "Indianapolis Orphans' Home," situate at the corner of College avenue and Fourteenth street, in the City of Indianapolis, said Hospital to be known and designated as the "Indiana State Sanitarium," by which name it will be incorporated pursuant to the laws of the State of Indiana.

It is the intention and desire to establish, maintain and operate said Hospital for the purpose of administering medical and surgical treatment, by competent physicians and surgeons, to patients suffering from disease and injuries, and to nurse and care for the sick and injured and, in fact, to do any and all things that might come within the business and duties of a general hospital.

It is also the intention and desire to establish, equip and operate said

Hospital according to the latest and most approved sanitary and scientific methods.

E. M. HAGGARD, M. D.
G. N. HAROLD, M. D.
N. D. WOODARD, M. D.
C. T. BEDFORD, M. D.
S. P. WOODARD, M. D.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., October 29, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of October, 1906, the undersigned, all of whom are duly licensed and practicing physicians and surgeons of the City of Indianapolis, filed their application to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, with the Clerk of the City of Indianapolis, wherein they have asked for permission to establish, maintain and operate a hospital in the east wing of the Physio-Medical College Building, formerly known as the "Indianapolis Orphans' Home," situate at the corner of College-ave. and Fourteenth-st., in the City of Indianapolis, Indiana. Said hospital to be organized and incorporated, pursuant to the laws of the State of Indiana, under the corporate name and style of the "Indiana State Sanitarium."

E. M. HAGGARD, M. D.
C. N. HAROLD, M. D.
N. D. WOODARD, M. D.
C. T. BEDFORD, M. D.
S. P. WOODARD, M. D.

State of Indiana, Marion County, ss:

Personally appeared before the undersigned, Edna Burke who, being duly sworn, says that she is book-keeper of The Sun Publishing Company, publishers of The Sun, a public daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, in the County aforesaid, and upon her oath further said that the notice, of which the attached is a true copy, was duly published in said paper for one day, which publication was on the 29th day of October, 1906.

EDNA BURKE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of October, 1906.

JOHN H. WILSON,

My commission expires June 21, 1908.

Notary Public.

General Ordinance No. 145—1906: An ordinance granting a permit to the Indiana State Sanitarium to establish, maintain and operate a Hospital in a building situate at the corner of College avenue and Fourteenth street in the City of Indianapolis, Indiana.

WHEREAS, An application has been made to the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, for permission to establish, maintain and operate a Hospital for general hospital purposes in the Physio-Medical College Building, formerly known as the Indianapolis Orphans' Home, situate at the corner of College avenue and Fourteenth street in the City of Indianapolis, said Hospital to be organized and incorporated pursuant to the laws of the State of Indiana, under the corporate name of the "Indiana State Sanitarium," and,

WHEREAS, Said Hospital is to be under the management and direct super-

vision of a corps of competent physicians and surgeons and is to be established, maintained and operated for the purpose of administering medical and surgical treatment to patients suffering from disease and injuries and nursing and caring for sick and injured persons, and,

WHEREAS, Said Hospital is to be established, maintained and operated in the most scientific and sanitary manner, and,

WHEREAS, notice of said application was on the 29th day of October, 1906, duly published in the Indianapolis Sun, a newspaper of general circulation in the City of Indianapolis; therefore,

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, That the "Indiana State Sanitarium" be and it is hereby granted permission to establish, maintain and operate a Hospital for general hospital purposes in the Physio-Medical College Building, formerly known as the Indianapolis Orphans' Home, situate at the corner of College avenue and Fourteenth street in the City of Indianapolis, Indiana.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

By Mr. Wood :

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee, to whom was referred a resolution to investigate the expense of preparing a county and city map, showing both county and city lines together with districts of fire force and patrol, beg leave to report that such a map, in order that all streets and alleys may be plainly shown, will necessitate being made in four sections, the dividing line being at Tenth street and Massachusetts ave Depot. The estimated cost of same would be between \$1,800 and \$2,000. We also wish to state that after consultation with the different departments we find that they are very much in favor of such a map and that same will be of great assistance to them.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN F. WOOD.

ALBERT E. UHL.

FAY WRIGHT.

Mr. Wood moved that the report of the committee be adopted.
Carried.

ORDINANCES ON SECOND READING.

Mr. Royse called for Appropriation Ordinance No. 26, 1906 for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Royse moved that Appropriation Ordinance No. 26, 1906, be ordered engrossed, read a third time and placed upon its passage. Carried.

Appropriation Ordinance No. 26, 1906, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, 20, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Bangs, Uhl, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofmann, Hilken, Wright, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, none.

Mr. Royse called for General Ordinance No. 130, 1906, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Royse moved that General Ordinance No. 130, 1906, be ordered engrossed, read a third time, and placed upon its passage. Carried.

General Ordinance No. 130, 1906, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, 20, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Bangs, Uhl, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofmann, Hilken, Wright, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, none.

Mr. Royse called for General Ordinance No. 131, 1906, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Royse moved that General Ordinance No. 131, 1906, be ordered engrossed, read a third time and placed upon its passage. Carried.

General Ordinance No. 131, 1906, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, 20, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Bangs, Uhl, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofmann, Hilkene, Wright, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, none.

Mr. Brown called for General Ordinance No. 106, 1906, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Brown moved that General Ordinance No. 106, 1906, be ordered engrossed, read a third time and placed upon its passage. Carried.

General Ordinance No. 106, 1906, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, 18, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Rhodes, Bangs, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofmann, Hilkene, Wright, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, 2, viz.: Messrs. Smither and Uhl.

Mr. Hamlet called for General Ordinance No. 101, 1906, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Hamlet moved that General Ordinance No. 101, 1906, be amended as recommended by the Committee. Carried.

Mr. Hamlet moved that General Ordinance No. 101, 1906, be ordered engrossed as amended, read a third time and placed upon its passage. Carried.

General Ordinance No. 101, 1906, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, 12, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Stickelman, Hartmann, Hofmann, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, 8, viz.: Messrs. Bangs, Uhl, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hilkené and Wright.

Mr. Hamlet called for General Ordinance No. 85, 1906, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Hamlet moved that General Ordinance No. 85, 1906, be stricken from the files. Carried.

Mr. Cottey called for General Ordinance No. 121, 1906, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Cottey moved that General Ordinance No. 121, 1906, be ordered engrossed, read a third time and placed upon its passage. Carried.

General Ordinance No. 121, 1906, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, 20, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Bangs, Uhl, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofmann, Hilkené, Wright, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, none.

Mr. Cottey called for General Ordinance No. 120, 1906, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Cottey moved that General Ordinance No. 120, 1906, be ordered engrossed, read a third time and placed upon its passage. Carried.

General Ordinance No. 120, 1906, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, 20, viz.: Messrs. Brown, Cottey, Hamlet, Wood, Neukom, Smither, Rhodes, Bangs, Uhl, Stickelman, Hartmann, Portteus, Royse, Donavon, Sullivan, Hofinann, Hilkene, Wright, Henry and President Frederick W. Eppert.

Noes, none.

On motion of Mr. Royse, the Common Council, at 9:05 o'clock P. M., adjourned.

Fred. W. Eppert
.....
President.

ATTEST:

James M. Mully
.....
City Clerk.

