

REGULAR MEETING.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS, IND.,

Monday, April 1, 1918.

The Common Council of the City of Indianapolis met in the Council Chamber, Monday evening, April 1, 1918, at 7:30 o'clock, in regular session, President Louis W. Carnefix in the chair.

Present: The Hon. Louis W. Carnefix, President of the Common Council, and eight members, viz.: Messrs. Kirsch, Peake, Willson, Miller, Schmidt, Furniss, Pettijohn and Brown.

Mr. Peake moved to dispense with the reading of the journal. Carried.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE MAYOR.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 20, 1918.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

I have this day signed and delivered to the City Clerk Appropriation Ordinance No. 8.

Yours truly,

CHARLES W. JEWETT,
Mayor.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 22, 1918.

To the President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN—I have this day signed and delivered to George O. Hutsell, City Clerk, General Ordinances Nos. 19 and 20.

Yours truly,

CHARLES W. JEWETT,
Mayor.

REPORTS FROM CITY OFFICERS.

From City Controller:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., April 1, 1918.

To the Honorable President and Members of the Common Council:

GENTLEMEN: I submit you herewith a letter from the Board of Pub

lic Safety asking for the appropriation of \$35.00 for the purpose of paying the committee who examined the applicants for position of Commissioner of Building and Assistant Building Inspector.

This request is in compliance with section 260 of the Ordinances of 1917 which requires the Controller to pay for above described examinations out of the general fund.

I recommend the passage of this ordinance.

Yours very truly,

ROBT. H. BRYSON,
City Controller.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 28, 1918.

Robert H. Bryson, City Controller, City:

DEAR SIR: The Board desires you to ask the Common Council to appropriate the sum of \$35.00 to pay for the services of the committee who examined the applicants for the position of Commissioner of Buildings and of Assistant Building Inspector.

Yours very truly,

A. L. TAGGART,
President Board of Public Safety.

From Board of Public Works:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., April 1, 1918.

To the Honorable Common Council, City of Indianapolis:

GENTLEMEN: I am directed by the Board of Public Works to submit for your consideration and action thereon, an ordinance approving the expenditure of moneys already appropriated, said expenditure amounting to more than Two Thousand (\$2,000) Dollars.

Yours truly,

W. F. CLEARY,
Clerk, Board of Public Works.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

From the Committee on Public Works:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., April 1, 1918.

To the President and Members of the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana:

GENTLEMEN: We, your Committee on Public Works, to whom was referred General Ordinance No. 17, 1918, entitled "An Ordinance approving a certain contract granting Louis Sagalowsky the right to lay and maintain a side track or switch across the first alley west of Doug-

las street, according to the blue prints of the City of Indianapolis," beg leave to report that we have had said ordinance under consideration, and recommend that the same do pass.

W. B. PEAKE,

J. P. BROWN,

RUSSELL WILLSON,

G. G. SCHMIDT,

Committee on Public Works.

Mr. Peake moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

From the Committee on Public Safety:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., April 1, 1918.

To the President and Members of the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana:

GENTLEMEN: We, your Committee on Public Safety, to whom was referred General Ordinance No. 22, 1918, entitled "An Ordinance amending Section 1 of General Ordinance number 12, 1917, entitled 'An Ordinance concerning the government of the City of Indianapolis, providing penalties for its violation and, with stated exceptions, repealing all former ordinances,'" beg leave to report that we have had said ordinance under consideration, and recommend that the same do not pass.

RUSSELL WILLSON, *Chairman,*

J. P. BROWN,

LEE J. KIRSCH,

S. A. FURNISS,

J. E. MILLER,

Committee on Public Safety.

Mr. Willson moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

Mr. Willson moved that General Ordinance No. 22, 1918, be stricken from the files.

The roll was called and General Ordinance No. 22, 1918, was stricken from the files by the following vote:

Ayes, 9, viz.: Messrs. Kirsch, Peake, Willson, Miller, Schmidt, Furniss, Pettijohn, Brown, and President Louis W. Carnefix.

From the Committee on Law and Judiciary:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., April 1, 1918.

To the President and Members of the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana:

GENTLEMEN: We, your Committee on Law and Judiciary, to whom was referred General Ordinance No. 5, 1918, entitled "An Ordinance regulating and taxing bill boards and all outdoor advertising signs," beg leave to report that we have had said ordinance under consideration, and recommend that the same do not pass.

G. G. SCHMIDT,
RUSSELL WILLSON,
W. B. PEAKE,
O. B. PETTIJOHN,
J. E. MILLER,

Committee on Law and Judiciary.

Mr. Schmidt moved that the report of the committee be concurred in. Carried.

Mr. Schmidt moved that General Ordinance No. 5, 1918, be stricken from the files.

The roll was called and General Ordinance No. 5, 1918, was stricken from the files by the following vote:

Ayes, 9, viz.: Messrs. Kirsch, Peake, Willson, Miller, Schmidt, Furniss, Pettijohn, Brown, and President Louis W. Carnefix.

INTRODUCTION OF APPROPRIATION ORDINANCES.

By City Controller:

Appropriation Ordinance No. 9, 1918.

An Ordinance making an appropriation of Thirty-five (\$35.00) Dollars to the Department of Finance for the purpose of paying the committee

who examined the applicants for position of commissioner of buildings and assistant building inspector.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana:

SECTION 1. That there be and hereby is appropriated to the Department of Finance the sum of Thirty-five (\$35.00) Dollars to be known as "Examining Board Fund" for the purpose of paying the committee who examined the applicants for position of commissioner of buildings and assistant building inspector.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Brown.

General Ordinance No. 23, 1918.

An Ordinance to amend Sections 256, 257, 259, 263, 265, 266, 267, 279, 296, 348, 540, 541, 542, 556, 557, paragraph j, Section 983 of General Ordinance No. 12, 1917, concerning construction, alteration, repairing of buildings and structures, providing for fire prevention and ordaining fire prevention regulations.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana:

SECTION 1. That Sections 256, 257, 259, 263, 265, 266, 267, 279, 296, 348, 540, 541, 542, 556, 557, paragraph j, Section 983 of an ordinance entitled: An Ordinance concerning the government of the City of Indianapolis providing penalties for its violations and with stated exceptions repealing all former ordinances, being parts of General Ordinance No. 12, 1917, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 256. *Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana,* That there be and is hereby created in said city the office of Commissioner of Buildings, with inspectors, assistants and clerical help under his direction and control, as follows, to wit: A Chief Inspector of the Division of Construction, with not less than two or more than six assistant inspectors; a Chief Inspector of the Division of Boilers and Smoke, with not less than one, nor more than three assistant inspectors; a Chief Inspector and four assistant in-

spectors of the Division of Fire Prevention; a Chief Inspector of the Division of Wiring; a Chief Inspector of Elevators and a Chief Clerk, Filing Clerk and a Stenographer to the Commissioner of Buildings. Said officers shall be appointed by the Commissioners of Public Safety as hereinafter provided."

"SECTION 257. Division of Office:

a) That all inspectors employed in the Division of Construction shall be known as Building Inspectors.

b) That all inspectors and assistant inspectors in the Division of Boilers and Smoke shall be known as Smoke Inspectors.

c) That the Chief Inspector of the Division of Fire Prevention shall be known as Director of Fire Prevention. That the assistant inspectors shall be known as Fire Prevention Inspectors.

d) That the Chief Inspector of Elevators shall be known as Elevator Inspector.

e) That the inspector employed in the Division of Wiring shall be known as Electrical Inspector."

"SECTION 259. Qualifications. The Commissioner of Buildings and the Assistant Inspectors of Buildings in the Division of Construction shall be competent architects, engineers or practical builders, who have been engaged in the active duties of their occupation for at least five years. The Director of Fire Prevention shall have at least three years practical experience in Fire Prevention and Public Safety. The assistants in the Division of Fire Prevention shall be one fireman ranking as Captain and three first-grade firemen to be detailed by the Chief of Fire Force."

"SECTION 263. Oath of Office:

a) The Commissioner of Buildings and his Assistant Inspectors shall each before they enter upon the performance of their duties of office, take and subscribe an oath before the City Clerk, to faithfully and impartially execute such duties.

b) The Commissioner of Buildings shall give bond in the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), each assistant inspector a bond in the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000), and the Director of Fire Prevention in the Division of Fire Prevention a bond in the sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000), with surety to be approved by the City Controller, conditioned for the faithful performance of such duties."

"SECTION 265. Shall Inspect When Notified:

a) It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Buildings, upon being

served with a notice requiring him to visit and inspect any building upon or in which work is being done, under any of the provisions of this code, to do so within forty-eight hours from the time of receiving such notice.

b) It shall be the duty of the Director, when any citizen represents that any of the several provisions of this ordinance pertaining to the prevention of fires or spreading of fires or disastrous results in case of fires are being violated in any place, building or structure in the city, to make an investigation of such place or building, and if such representation is found to be true, he shall give such notice as is hereinafter provided.

It shall be unlawful to continue the use of or occupy any building, place, structure or lot, which does not comply with all the provisions of this ordinance, until the changes, alterations, or repairs, found necessary, are made, except under permission of the Director, to use and occupy such building, structure or part thereof while the same is being made safe or being caused to comply with the provisions of this code pertaining to Fire Prevention."

"SECTION 266. Duties of Commissioner :

a) It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Buildings to sign all certificates and notices required to be issued under this code except as otherwise provided herein, to make complaint of all violations thereof to the Board of Public Safety; to keep in proper books for the purpose of a register of all transactions of the office, and to submit to the Board of Public Safety a quarterly statement of all such transactions, and to enforce all of the conditions of this code.

b) The Director of the Division of Fire Prevention shall sign or cause to be signed all certificates and notices required to be issued from the Division of Fire Prevention, and shall keep a record of same. He shall also keep a proper record of all inspections made by said Division, including the date of such inspection and a summary of the violations found to exist, if any; the date of the serving of the notices required by this ordinance, a memorandum of the final disposition of all violations found to exist, and also a proper record of all other transactions and operations of the Division. The Director shall submit a quarterly statement of such transactions to the Commissioner of Buildings. Such records shall at all times be open to the inspection of the Mayor, Controller, Chief of Police, Chief of Fire Force, Commissioner of Buildings, member of the Common Council, and the State Fire Marshal."

"SECTION 267. Power of Commissioner :

a) The Commissioner of Buildings shall have full power to pass upon any question arising under the provisions of this code, relative to the matter of construction or material to be used in the erection, alteration or repair of any building and the Director of the Division of Fire Prevention shall have full power to pass on any question arising under the provisions of this code in the Division of Fire Prevention, pertaining to the prevention of fires, or ~~spreading~~ spreading of fires, or disastrous results in case of fire: Provided, however, that should any question arise between the Commissioner of Buildings or the Director of Fire Prevention and the owner or architect of any building, or should the owner or architect object to any order or decision of said Commissioner, the matter shall be referred to the Board of Public Safety and its decision shall be final and conclusive.

b) The Commissioner of Buildings and his regularly authorized assistants are hereby given authority to enter any building in the City of Indianapolis in the performance of their duties, and to order and compel the immediate suspension of any work being done in violation of the provisions of this code, and to prohibit the use of any materials or the maintenance or operation of any machinery in violation of the provisions of this code, or the violations of any ordinance of the City of Indianapolis.

c) No person shall continue the construction of any building, or use any machinery in or about any building after the Commissioner of Buildings or his regularly authorized assistants have directed the suspension of the use thereof.

d) The Commissioner of Buildings and his regularly authorized assistants are hereby given authority to make such tests as may be necessary to determine the safety of the conditions of any building, material or machinery which it becomes their duty under the provisions of this code to inspect, the cost of such test to be borne by the owner or agent, or the Commissioner of Buildings may require the owner or agents to make such tests as required, and a written statement furnished to the Department of Buildings of the same.

e) The Director of the Division of Fire Prevention shall have full power and it shall be his duty to enforce the provisions of all ordinances in the City of Indianapolis which may tend to prevent the starting or spreading of fires or disastrous results in case of fires. Nothing in this paragraph contained shall be considered as lessening the duty of the heads of other bureaus or officers of the city government, upon whom said ordinances may impose the duty of enforcing their respective provisions."

"SECTION 279. Inspection of all Buildings in General Use—Precau-

tions in Behalf of Public Safety—May Require Repair or Alteration in Such Cases:

a) The Commissioner of Buildings shall inspect or cause to be inspected all public school buildings, public halls, churches, theaters, buildings used either for manufacturing or commercial purposes, hotels, apartment houses and other buildings or structures occupied or frequented by large numbers of people, for the purpose of determining the safety of such buildings or any parts of appliances or equipment thereof; the sufficiency of their doors, passageways, aisles, stairways, corridors, exits or fire escapes and generally their facilities for egress in case of fire or other accidents, and the strength of their floors, and he shall make return of all violations of the several provisions of this code to the Law Department for prosecution.

b) It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Buildings when any citizen represents that combustible materials are kept in any place in the city in an insecure manner, or that the doors, stairways, corridors, exits or fire escapes of any factory or workshop or other places of employment are insufficient for the escape of employes in case of fire, panic or that the flues, fire boxes, or heating apparatus in any building in the city are insecure or dangerous, or that any part of any building in the city is in unsafe or dangerous condition or in anywise in contravention of this code, to make or cause to be made an examination of such place or building; and if such representation is found to be true, said Commissioner shall give or cause to be given notice in writing to the owner and occupant, lessee or person in possession, charge or control of such place or building, to make such changes, alterations or repairs as the ordinance of the city may require. Upon failure of parties so notified to comply with the said notice, the matter shall be placed in the Department of Law for prosecution.

c) It shall be unlawful to continue the use of such building until the changes, alterations or repairs found necessary by the Commissioner of Buildings to make such building or part thereof safe, or to bring it into compliance with this code, shall have been made.

d) The Commissioner of Buildings shall have full power to pass upon any question arising under the provisions of this code, subject to the conditions, modifications and limitations contained therein.

e) Division of Fire Prevention—Inspection of Buildings and Structures—May Require Repair Alterations or Repairs. The Director in the Division of Fire Prevention shall inspect or cause to be inspected all public or private buildings or structures, in the corporate limits in the City of Indianapolis, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the several provisions, of all ordinances, pertaining to prevention of fires

or spreading of fires or disastrous results in case of fires are being properly complied with. If it is found that any provisions of these ordinances are not being complied with in any such building or structure, the said Director shall give notice in writing, except in urgent cases which endanger life or property and then by parol, to the owner, and to the occupant, lessee or person in possession, charge or control of such place, building or structure to make such changes, alterations, or repairs, as the provisions of this ordinance may require, within such time as shall be designated by the Director, which shall in no event exceed thirty days unless otherwise specified, after receipt of such notice. And in case such changes, alterations, or repairs as called for by said notice, are not made to the satisfaction of the Director, within the time specified in said notice, he shall report the said violation of these ordinances to the Department of Law of the City of Indianapolis for proper action in the premises.

f) The service of any order or notice by the Director of the Division of Fire Prevention required by the provisions of this ordinance or the several ordinances pertaining to the prevention of starting of fires, or spreading of fires, or disastrous results in case of fires, may be made by depositing a copy thereof in the United States mails addressed to the person to whom such notice is required to be given or by delivering a copy thereof to said person, and if the address of the owner cannot be ascertained by reasonable inquiry and if no person be found in charge of the premises, then by affixing a copy of such notice prominently upon the exterior of such premises."

"SECTION 266. Class of Buildings Changed :

a) When buildings, the uses of which bring them within any of the classes mentioned, are to be applied to the uses of any other classes of which a better system of construction is required, the construction and equipment of such buildings shall first be made to conform to the requirements of this code as specified for their intended use.

b) It shall be unlawful to use any such building for a new or different purpose than that for which its structure or purpose adapts it, unless its requirements to such new or different use for which it has been applied, with a permit for such alterations have been first obtained from the Commissioner of Buildings.

c) Frame Buildings, Residence, within Fire Limits. No frame buildings within the district known as the fire limits as described in Section 271, General Ordinance No. 12, 1917, occupied or is intended to be occupied for residence purposes, shall hereafter be altered, changed, added to or converted for any purpose other than residence purposes; unless provided with an approved automatic sprinkler system in each story of such frame building."

"SECTION 348. Rubbish and Debris:

a) The Director of the Division of Fire Prevention and the Chief of the Fire Force or their authorized assistants shall inspect all buildings for the purpose of determining the general character of the premises, with respect to the disposition of debris, rubbish or other waste and inflammable material and all means of access from one part of the structure to another.

b) All parts of all buildings shall be kept free from combustible material, not in actual use, and shall be neatly arranged in a manner to provide passageway or aisles for the convenient movement and work of the fire force.

c) All openings, external and internal, shall be kept free from goods or material of any kind.

d) There shall be no rubbish, excelsior, paper, shavings or other inflammable material left in any part of any building except when the same is stored within a fireproof room, provided with standard fire doors.

e) Whenever it shall be necessary in the opinion of the Director of Fire Prevention, and the Chief of Fire Force, that a survey should be made of each district in which a Fire Station is located for the purpose of preventing fires, and reporting all fire hazards in such district, then it shall be the duty of the Chief of the Fire Force to delegate one or more firemen from each station to make such survey and make a report thereof for each district to the Director of Fire Prevention.

f) Report of Building and Structures to Condemn: It shall be the duty of the Director, whenever it is his opinion, after an inspection, that a building or structure is a fire hazard, and that same should be condemned and removed to furnish to the Commissioner of Buildings of the City of Indianapolis and the State Fire Marshal of Indiana with a copy of all records in the case and to recommend that said building or structure should be condemned and removed."

"SECTION 540. Garages:

a) A public garage shall be construed to be a building or structure in which are housed for rent, care, demonstration, storage, sales and repairing for profit, motor vehicles or other wheeled machines, containing the tanks thereof, inflammable liquids for fuel or power; also building or room used for the dismantling of motor vehicles for profit where inflammable liquid is used for cleaning parts of such motor vehicles; also all parts of this building and all adjoining structures or buildings not cut off from the part used for aforesaid purpose or purposes by an unpierced fire wall not less than eight (8) inches thick.

b) Any building or structure, divided into more than three compartments for the purpose of renting or using such compartments for the shelter of motor vehicles, containing inflammable liquid for fuel or power is hereby construed as a public garage. Any building or structure used for the purpose of storing, care, or repairing of more than three motor vehicles containing inflammable liquid for fuel or power is hereby construed as a public garage.

c) Private Garage. All buildings or structures intended to be or is occupied for the shelter of not more than three motor vehicles shall be construed as a private garage."

"SECTION 541. Garage and Buildings:

a) All public garages now or hereafter maintained, established or erected within the corporate limits of the city shall comply in every respect with Section 293.

b) Each room used as a public garage shall be provided with two opening remote from each other as possible to remove motor driven vehicles in case of fire."

"SECTION 542. Garages, Where Located:

a) No public garage shall be located, erected or maintained within one hundred fifty (150) feet of any lot on which there is situated a church or public school building, unless such public garage was established at such place prior to the establishment of such church or school building.

b) Location of Public Garages. No public garage shall be allowed or maintained in any building used for a school or church place or assembly, hotel, apartment, tenement or lodging house; provided, however, that a public garage may be placed in a place of public assembly if such building or structure is of first-class or fireproof construction, as provided by Section 291, General Ordinance No. 12, 1917. Any building erected, remodeled or now occupied as a public or private garage and occupied in part as an office building, manufacturing establishment, warehouse or store, shall have such parts entirely cut off from the portion used as a garage, by unpierced fire-proof walls, ceilings and floors not less than eight inches in thickness of brick, tile, concrete, or other fire resisting material approved by the Director of Fire Prevention Bureau and Commissioner of Buildings. All openings shall be provided with approved fire doors, shutters, or wire glass windows in metal frames. Exits shall be provided for in such building or structure independent of the garage."

"SECTION 556. Dry Cleaning Establishments:

a) 'Dry Cleaning' shall be known as the art, act or process of cleaning or renovating wearing or other apparel, clothes and other fabrics or textiles, or any other things with any inflammable liquid. 'Sponging' shall be the removal of dirt, grease, etc., by local application of inflammable liquid as applied by tailors and others. No dry cleaning business shall be installed or maintained within the City of Indianapolis, except under permit of the Director of Fire Prevention. Plans and specifications, giving full details as to location, construction and operation thereof, must be filed with the Director of Fire Prevention, together with an application to conduct such business. If the plans and specifications submitted comply with the rules of this ordinance then the Director of Fire Prevention may approve them and issue the necessary permit.

b) Sponging is prohibited in shops, dwellings, enclosures, yards and all other places, unless carried on through the application of such inflammable liquids from an automatically closing safety can of not more than one (1) quart capacity, and the use for sponging of such liquid from, or in, open pans or vessels is prohibited.

c) Sponging is prohibited in any room not provided with safe means of exit direct to the outside of the building and shall not be executed or applied in any room or enclosure containing any open or flaming fire or light nor within ten feet of any such light, self-heating iron or other spark or flame producing appliance. During all such application and for one-half hour thereafter, two direct openings for ventilation and air circulation must be provided, preferably on opposite sides of the room and near the floor level.

d) Buildings used for dry cleaning purposes shall be constructed of non-combustible material, shall not be more than one-story or 16 feet high, without a basement or other open space below the floor, shall not be used for other occupancy, and shall be at least 10 feet from other buildings or a public thoroughfare, unless separated from such building or highway by a fire proof wall not less than eight inches thick. All floors shall be of concrete or other non-combustible material. All doors shall have raised sills at least 10 inches above the highest point of floor, and no other opening, except for ventilators, shall be less than 12 inches above same point. In wash rooms, only the necessary appliances for washing, extracting and redistilling shall be permitted. No direct opening shall be permitted between wash room and dry room. No combustible material shall be permitted in the construction of dry rooms or any racks or other appurtenances. All steam or hot water pipes for drying purposes must be protected by wire screens or otherwise so as to prevent contact of pipes and inflammable goods. All windows, doors, or other openings within 100 feet of exposing openings

or combustible structures or materials shall be provided with wired glass in metal frames or fireproof shutters, doors or covers. All doors, windows, shutters, screens, grills and barrel openings shall be arranged for ready opening from either side in case of an emergency. Intercommunicating openings shall be provided with standard automatic closing fire doors kept closed except when passing through. All rooms shall have a steam extinguishing system satisfactory to the Director of Fire Prevention or where such fire extinguishing agent is not available an approved system using a fire deterrent chemical or gas. One approved hand chemical extinguisher shall be provided for each 500 square feet of floor area.

e) A vent opening of at least 20 square inches area shall be provided at the floor level in each wash room and drying room, near each machine and opposite to any door or other air inlet, such openings shall be covered with 2 x 2 mesh No. 16 galvanized wire web and shall be kept clear of all obstructions. From the vent opening a flue of at least 20 square inches area and of non-combustible materials, built into the wall or floor or securely fastened thereto and free from mechanical injury, shall conduct to and through a sparkless exhaust fan, to be run continuously, and which shall be of sufficient size to completely change the air volume every five minutes. All discharge outlets of vent pipes shall be provided with 12 x 12 mesh or equivalent wire screen and located without hazard to surrounding property and acceptable to the Director of Fire Prevention. Skylights and windows must be of wired glass in metal frames and provided with fusible link connecting to an automatically closing device, and shall be covered with 12 x 12 mesh or equivalent brass wire screen to prevent spark or other fire entrance. Necessary precautions shall be taken to prevent the clogging or in any way the stopping of air passage through such wire screens.

f) Heating shall be done by steam or hot water. No steam boiler, furnace nor exposed fire, nor any electric dynamo nor motor, nor other spark emitting device, shall be allowed in any washing, drying or distilling room, or in line with vapor travel therefrom. All artificial lighting shall be in accordance with electrical section of the Building Code of the City of Indianapolis.

g) In each wash room there shall be provided a drain or connection to the sewer, at least 4 inches in diameter, provided with a U pipe forming a water seal to prevent the passage of inflammable vapor, and with inlet pipe in the form of an inverted U, or a siphon, with end at least 2 inches above the floor level, $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch air inlet 3 inches above floor level, and top of siphon 8 inches above floor level.

h) All dry cleaning, washing, extracting, and redistilling shall be carried on in closed machines, which shall be fluid tight. Washers

shall have hinged door and shall be arranged so that in case of an explosion the door will automatically close. The transfer of all liquids shall be through continuous piping, and all outlet or drain lines shall be drained by gravity to settling or storage tanks. No dry cleaning fluid shall be settled in any open or unprotected vessel or tanks. All piping and all metallic parts of each machine shall be properly grounded by at least No. 10 copper insulated wire to a water pipe or other grounded device.

i) All reserve and storage stocks of such liquids shall be kept and handled as given in storage of oils in Sections 545 to 548, inclusive.

j) All goods removed from washer to extractors must be kept in tight metal pans with under side of bottom covered with wood, and no goods or washed stocks shall be taken from wash room till washing liquid has been removed by the extractor and all dried goods shall be removed from extractor at close of operation. Settling tanks shall be constructed, located and vented essentially as given for the storage tanks. At the close of the day's operations, all liquid contained in washers, extractors or stills, or otherwise, shall be returned to the stock or settling tanks. The location of all tanks buried or otherwise and their contents and hazards shall be plainly marked by signs as approved by the Director of Fire Prevention Bureau.

k) None of this installation shall be covered from sight until after an inspection by the Director of Fire Prevention and his written approval has been given, which approval he shall give without charge, provided all the requirements of these rifles and regulations have been observed."

"SECTION 557. Motion Picture Films and Sheet Celluloid:

a) It shall be unlawful to handle, store or use motion picture films, including negatives, raw stock, finished product, discarded scrap or used film or sheet celluloid in any building structure, or lot except as hereinafter provided in this ordinance.

b) The handling, storing or use of motion picture films, including negatives, raw stock, finished product, discarded scrap or used film, or sheet celluloid, is prohibited in any building or structure which is occupied or is intended to be occupied as a hotel, school, a place of public assembly, or tenement house, rooming house, residence of more than one family.

c) The handling, storing or use of motion picture films, including negatives, raw stock, finished product, discarded scrap or used film, or sheet celluloid, is prohibited in any building or structure used for the sale of merchandise or factory purposes, except in the top story

of a fire-proof building or structure and such room for the handling, storing or using of motion picture films, or sheet celluloid, is completely separated from the other part of building by a twelve-inch brick wall and eight-inch fire-proof floor and with separate entrance to a public highway.

d) The handling, storing or use of motion picture films, including negatives, raw stock, finished product, discarded scrap or used film, or sheet celluloid is prohibited in any building hereafter erected or occupied, any portion of which is situated within 25 feet opposite of any wall of another building which is devoted to any use described in preceding clause, paragraph b: (a) Provided, however, that when an unpierced brick wall not less than twelve (12) inches thick encloses the building used for handling or storage of films, such last named building may be used as hereinafter provided for.

e) The handling, storing or use of motion picture films, including negatives, raw stock, finished product, discarded scrap or used film, or sheet celluloid, is prohibited in any building not of fireproof construction, except as hereinafter provided for. Any non-fireproof building over three (3) stories in height, unless same is entirely occupied for the storage, keeping or handling of motion picture films, and protected throughout by a standard two-source automatic sprinkling system. Any non-fireproof building three (3) stories or less in height, and with no other occupancy except the storage, keeping or handling of motion picture films. Any frame building in the fire district, or any frame building located outside the fire district unless such building is located not less than seventy-five (75) feet from any other building or public highway. It shall be unlawful to store or place sheet celluloid in larger amount than twenty-five pounds in any building unless stored or placed in a fire-proof vault as described in paragraph M, Section 557, of this ordinance.

f) Any building not provided with at least two (2) independent means of escape in case of fire, situated remote from one another, one means of escape to be a fireproof enclosed stairway, or outside fire escape, and each means of escape shall lead to an unobstructed exit to the street or alley.

g) This ordinance shall not apply to theatres, moving picture shows, exhibiting picture films, except that such theatres are prohibited from handling, storing, keeping or using in excess of 12 reels of film at the same time.

h) A reel of film as the term is used in this ordinance shall be a standard reel containing 1,000 feet of film, and weighing approximately 5 pounds. Where any section of this ordinance is based upon a given

number of reels of film in a vault or cabinet, the capacity of that vault or cabinet shall be deemed to be the maximum number of reels which can be stored in such vault or cabinet.

i) No waste or discarded films or sheet celluloid in excess of twenty-five (25) pounds shall be handled in any building within the territory known as the 'Fire Limits,' or in any building used for any other purpose, or in any building located outside the fire limits unless said building is located at least 75 feet from any other building or public highway.

j) No motion picture films or sheet celluloid shall be handled, stored, or used in any building or place, except by a permit issued by the Director of Fire Prevention and Commissioner of Buildings, as in this ordinance provided.

k) It shall be unlawful to handle, store or use any motion picture film or sheet celluloid, in violation of any provision of this ordinance, and after one legal written notice of such violation has not been complied with the Director of Fire Prevention is hereby authorized and empowered to seize all motion picture films, sheet celluloid handled, stored or used without a permit or in violation of the provisions of this ordinance, and to remove same to a place of safety and in case of danger to destroy the same. Any and all expense incurred by the public authorities caused by such action, shall constitute a lien for the amount of such expense against the films and sheet celluloid, which if not destroyed, shall be sold at public auction to satisfy the said lien on three (3) days' notice, published in the official newspaper of the City of Indianapolis.

l) Upon receipt of such application, the Director of Fire Prevention and Commissioner of Buildings shall make an investigation for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the building or place at which it is desired or intended to keep, store or handle motion picture films and sheet celluloid, is so situated that the storing or keeping of films and sheet celluloid would not be so dangerous as to constitute a nuisance, or to be a menace to the safety of the occupants of the building or to the public of adjoining property, and also whether the conditions under which such films and sheet celluloid are to be kept and stored are such as to provide the maximum safety, and if such location will comply with the provisions of this ordinance.

If the result of such investigation shall be satisfactory to the Director of Fire Prevention and Commissioner of Buildings, he shall approve such application and transmit the same with his approval thereon to the City Controller, who shall upon the payment by such applicant to the City Comptroller of a license fee of twenty-five (\$25.00)

dollars, issue to such applicant a license attested by the City Controller, authorizing such applicant to keep or store at the place designated in the application, motion picture films, unexposed films, motion film negatives, subject to the conditions imposed by the ordinance of the City of Indianapolis, now in force or hereafter passed, relating to the storage or keeping of such films. The aforesaid license fee may be prorated according to month: Provided, however, that no license shall be issued for a sum less than six dollars and fifty cents (\$6.50) and all licenses shall expire on the 31st day of December of each year.

m) No permits for the storage or handling of films shall be granted by the Director of Fire Prevention and Commissioner of Buildings unless the following conditions are complied with in such buildings or structures occupied or to be occupied by the applicant for such permit:

Where the amount of film, kept, stored or handled exceeds 50 reels on any floor of any building, there must be provided for such films one or more vaults. Such vaults shall be constructed with walls, floors and ceiling not less than six inches in thickness of reinforced concrete, or eight inches of solid brick or twelve inches of hollow tile. In computing the thickness of a floor, wall and ceiling of a vault the thickness of the floor, wall and ceiling of the building may be included, provided it shall be of fire-proof construction. No vault shall exceed 750 cubic feet of interior capacity or more than 10 feet high in size from floor to ceiling. Each vault shall have a ventilating duct of sectional area of 70 square inches for each 100 reels or fraction thereof, and such duct shall lead to the outside air. The opening of each duct to the outside air shall be either above the roof of building, or at a point not less than 50 feet from the nearest building opposite the opening of such duct. All ducts from vault located in any building two stories or less in height shall lead to the outside air not less than four (4) feet above the roof of the building. No films, vaults, inspection rooms or cabinets shall be allowed in the basement of any building. All interior ducts shall be constructed of metal not less than 3/16 of an inch in thickness and lined on the outside with an approved fire-proof material not less than two (2) inches thick. No openings allowed in vault except the ventilating duct and for door. Only one opening for door allowed in each vault, and this opening shall be equipped with approved standard vault iron doors and frames, the inner doors to be so arranged that they cannot obstruct or interfere with the outer door, outer doors to be equipped with automatic or self-closing attachments. Shelving and fixtures shall be of incombustible material. Lighting shall be controlled by indicator switch on the outside of vault, only vapor proof globes equipped with wire guards and

keyless sockets shall be used inside of vault. No artificial heat shall be allowed inside of vault. The ventilating duct shall be shielded from the weather and provided at the outlet with a wire screen of not larger than $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch mesh, and if so desired single strength glass may be installed. Where 50 reels or less are kept, an approved metal cabinet not exceeding 50 reels in individual capacity must be provided, such cabinet to be made of at least No. 18 inch sheet metal double walled, containing one inch air space and doors to be constructed equivalent to cabinet. door shall be self-closing, fit closely at all points of contact and shall be kept closed and locked. There shall not be more than one cabinet in any premises described in any one permit. Each reel must be kept when not under inspection in a separate metal container, and each container must be placed on edge in a vault or cabinet. Films shall not be outside of cabinet or vault during the non-operation of such plant.

There must be a room separated from the rest of the premises by fire-proof partition for the examination, rewinding, cleaning or repairing of any film, and no more than 12 exposed reels shall be handled at any time in such room. All tables and work benches or chairs in such room shall be made of metal and securely fastened in place. There shall be at least one sand pail, one filled water bucket and one approved two and one-half gallon chemical extinguisher in each room or division of the premises which the license covers.

n) A room if provided for the projection of pictures which shall be separated from the rest of the premises by fire-proof partitions and so arranged that not more than twenty-five persons shall be allowed in such room at any one time; provided, however, that when a machine is so arranged that the danger of burning film is eliminated and the machine is approved by the Director of Fire Prevention no such room is necessary.

o) All lighting in the examination, rewinding, cleaning or repairing rooms shall be by electricity and only vapor-proof globes shall be used. No other flame shall be used for either lighting or heating, and all heating shall be either by hot water or load pressure steam, and all radiators shall be provided with a wire screen of a mesh not greater than $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch, and so arranged that nothing can be placed upon same, and all pipes shall be covered with fire-proof insulating material. A fire-proof partition shall be a partition of hollow tile, plaster block, brick, reinforced concrete, metal lath and plaster, or other non-combustible material, not less than six inches in thickness, except metal lath and plaster, which may be solid thickness not less than three (3) inches. All openings in the partition shall be protected by either self-closing fire-proof doors or wire glass in metal frames.

p) In all places where a permit is granted for the handling, storage or use of motion picture films, the following rules must be observed:

Smoking must be prohibited.

All films when not under examination must be kept in tightly closed metal containers.

In receiving rooms films must be immediately placed in a cabinet or vault.

All film scrap or waste shall be kept in tightly closed metal receptacles not exceeding one foot in height and one foot in diameter, and provide dwith metal standards not less than four inches in length so that the bottom of the receptacle shall not rest on floor. The place shall be kept clean from rubbish, debris and waste and same shall be removed each day. Combustible material shall not be allowed in any room where the film is handled, stored or used.

All fire preventatives and protecting apparatus and devices shall be kept in good working order.

All electrical machinery, wiring and equipment must be placed and installed as provided in the building ordinance of the City of Indianapolis.

No collodian, amyl, acetate, or other similar inflammable cement, liquid or substance, in quantities greater than one pint, shall be kept in a room where inflammable motion picture films are manufactured, stored, used, handled or repaired.

No person shall carry a lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe or any lighted flame in any room or floor for which a permit has been issued for the storage, handling, or use of motion picture films.

q) Nothing in this ordinance shall be construed to prevent the Director of Fire Prevention and Commissioner of Buildings from refusing to issue a permit where the condition in or surrounding a place or premises are such as to constitute a hazard in case of fire.

r) It shall be the duty of the Director of Fire Prevention or his assistants to visit every motion picture show and theatre within the city limits and every licensed building or place where motion picture films are stored, handled, repaired or used and report all the conditions surrounding such theatres, building and place. He shall take the signature of the owner, proprietor, manager, or other person in charge of each theatre, building or place inspected, and it shall be the duty of such owner, proprietor, manager or person in charge to sign a statement giving the date and hour of the visit of such inspector and such inspector shall leave with such owner, proprietor, manager or other

person in charge a duplicate of the document signed. Such inspector's badge of office shall entitle him to admission, while in the discharge of his duties, to the places herein named.

s) Every owner, proprietor, manager or used of any building now occupied or used for the storage, handling, repair or use of motion picture films or like products, shall within one hundred and twenty days from the taking effect of this ordinance, remodel, reconstruct, repair, alter such building so as to comply with all conditions of this ordinance, and such owner, proprietor, manager or occupant, shall not be liable for any of the penalties prescribed in this ordinance until the expiration of one hundred and twenty days from the taking effect thereof.

"SECTION 983, paragraph j. Department of Public Safety:

a) Each member of the Board, Twelve Hundred Dollars per year. Chief Clerk of the Board, Fifteen Hundred Dollars per year.

b) The Commissioner of Buildings, Three Thousand Dollars per year. Chief Assistant Building Inspector, Fifteen Hundred Dollars per year. Each Assistant Building Inspector, Twelve Hundred Dollars per year. Elevator Inspector, Twelve Hundred Dollars per year. Smoke Inspector, Twelve Hundred Dollars per year. Director of Fire Prevention, Twenty-seven Hundred Dollars per year. Clerk to Commissioner of Buildings, One Thousand Dollars per year. Filing Clerk to Commissioner of Buildings, Seven Hundred and Twenty Dollars per year. Stenographer to Commissioner of Buildings, Six Hundred Dollars per year.

c) The Plumbing Inspector, Fifteen Hundred Dollars per year. Deputy Plumbing Inspector, Twelve Hundred Dollars per year.

SECTION 2. Repeal. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. This ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after its passage and approval by the Mayor.
General Ordinance No. 24, 1918.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Schmidt:

General Ordinance No. 24, 1918.

An Ordinance, regulating Bill Boards, Sign Boards, and other structures used for advertising purposes, providing for fees, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana:

SECTION 1. No person or persons, firm or corporation shall maintain, erect or cause or permit to be erected any signboard, billboard or other structure to be used for advertising purposes, without first obtaining a permit therefor from the Commissioner of Buildings of the City of Indianapolis. Applications for such permits shall be made upon such blanks as may be provided by the Commissioner, giving such information as he shall require, but sufficient to show a compliance with the terms and provisions of this ordinance and all other laws and ordinances relating to the same subject in force in the city. If it shall appear to the Commissioner that the laws and ordinances in force have been complied with, he shall give the permit asked for upon the payment of the fees hereinafter prescribed. Each such permit shall state the length of the billboard, name of street and number of the premises upon which same is to be erected, the owner thereof and the distance from the line of the street.

SEC. 2. The face of billboards or signboards, erected within the fire limits as now defined or as they may hereafter be defined by ordinance of the City of Indianapolis, other than signboards and billboards referred to in Section 4 hereof, shall not exceed twelve feet in height, and the same shall be constructed of galvanized iron or some other equally incombustible material, except that the stringers, uprights and braces thereof may be of wood. All such billboards or signboards shall be securely anchored or fastened so as to be safe and substantial.

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to construct or erect any billboard or signboard, except those specified in Section 4 hereof, within the fire limits of the City of Indianapolis, at a greater height than 15 feet 6 inches above the level of the adjoining street. Where the grade of the adjoining street or streets has not been established, no billboard or signboard shall be constructed or erected at a greater height than 15 feet 6 inches above the level of the ground upon which such billboard or signboard is erected. The face of every billboard or signboard within the fire limits shall be of incombustible material, but the supports and framework of the same may be of wood. The base of the billboard or signboard shall, in all cases, be at least three feet six inches above the level of the adjoining street. If, however, the level of the ground where the billboard or signboard is to be erected is above the level of the street, then the bottom of the face of the billboard or signboard must be at least three feet six inches above the level of the ground at the point where the board is to be erected. Every such billboard or signboard must be constructed and located in accordance with the provisions of this

ordinance, and shall be subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Buildings.

SEC. 4. Billboards or signboards not exceeding twelve square feet in area may be built of wood or other combustible material, and such billboards or signboards shall be exempt from the provisions of this ordinance, except that they shall be safely and securely anchored or fastened, and shall be so constructed, anchored and fastened that they will withstand the wind pressure specified in Section 7 of this ordinance.

SEC. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to construct, erect or locate any billboard or signboard, except those specified in Section 4 hereof, outside the fire limits of Indianapolis, at a greater height than fifteen feet six inches above the level of the adjoining street. Where the grade of the adjoining street has not been established, no billboard or signboard shall be constructed or erected at a greater height than fifteen feet six inches above the level of the ground upon which such billboard or signboard is erected. The base of the billboard or signboard shall, in all cases, be at least three feet six inches above the level of the adjoining street. If, however, the level of the ground where the billboard is to be erected is above the level of the street, then the bottom of the face of the billboard or signboard must be at least three feet six inches above the level of the ground at the point where the board is to be erected. The braces, supports and face of the billboard or signboard, outside the fire limits, may be made of wood, unless the billboard or signboard shall be erected or located so that any part of the face of said board is nearer than ten feet to any building or structure, in which case the face of the same shall be constructed with incombustible material. Every such billboard or signboard shall be safely and securely constructed, anchored, fastened and located in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, and shall be subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Buildings.

SEC. 6. No billboard or signboard or other similar structure, such as is described in this ordinance, shall be erected or maintained within the city, unless a permit shall first have been secured by the person, firm or corporation desiring to erect or maintain such billboard or signboard, from the Commissioner of Buildings, to whom application for such permit shall be made; and such application shall be accompanied by such plans and specifications of the proposed billboard or signboard, and location of same, as are necessary to fully advise and acquaint the said Commissioner with the construction of such proposed billboard or signboard. If the plans and specifications accompanying such application shall be in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance,

said Commissioner shall thereupon issue a permit for the erection of such billboard or signboard, upon payment by the applicant of a fee as hereinafter fixed.

SEC. 7. All billboards and signboards now in existence, or hereafter to be constructed, erected or maintained, shall be made, constructed, erected and maintained of sufficient strength to withstand the wind pressure of thirty pounds of square foot of surface thereof.

SEC. 8. No surface billboard or signboard constructed or erected prior to the passage of this ordinance shall be maintained after six months from and after the passage of this ordinance, where the height of such billboard or signboard exceeds seventeen feet, nor shall such billboard or signboard be maintained after such date, unless there is a clear space of at least three feet six inches above the level of the adjoining street. If however the level of the ground where the billboard or signboard is erected or maintained is above the level of the street, then there must be a clear space of at least three feet between the bottom or face of the billboard or signboard and the level of the ground at the point where the billboard or signboard is erected or maintained.

SEC. 9. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Buildings to inspect all plans and specifications submitted in connection with the erection or construction of any billboard or signboard, and to approve same, if the method of construction and provisions made for fastening, securing, anchoring and maintaining such billboards or signboards are such as will serve to protect the public and to render such billboard safe and substantial, and comply with the provisions of this ordinance. It is further made the duty of the Commissioner of Buildings to exercise supervision over all billboards or signboards erected or being maintained under the provisions of this ordinance, and to cause inspection, by inspectors in his department, of all such billboards and signboards to be made once each year and oftener where the condition of such boards so require; and whenever it shall appear to said commissioner that any such billboard or signboard has been erected in violation of this ordinance or is in an unsafe condition or has become unstable or insecure, or is in such a condition as to be a menace to the safety or health of the public, he shall thereupon issue, or cause to be issued a notice in writing to the owner of such billboard or signboard, or person in charge, possession or control thereof, if the whereabouts of such person is known, informing such person, firm or corporation of the violation of this ordinance, and the dangerous condition of such billboard or signboard, and directing him to make such alterations or repairs thereto, or to do such acts or things as are necessary or advisable, to place such billboards or signboards in a safe, substantial

and secure condition, and to make the same comply with the requirements of this ordinance, within such reasonable time as may be stated in said notice. If the owner or person in charge, possession or control of any billboard or signboard, when so notified, shall refuse, fail or neglect to comply with, and conform to the requirements of such notice, said Commissioner shall, upon the expiration of the time therein mentioned, alter, change, tear down or cause to be torn down, such part of such billboard or signboard as is constructed and maintained in violation of this ordinance and shall charge the expense to the owner or person in possession, charge or control of such billboard or signboard, which shall be recovered from them by appropriate legal proceedings. If the owner of such billboard or signboard, or the person in charge, possession or control thereof, cannot be found, or his or their whereabouts cannot be ascertained, the Commissioner shall attach or cause to be attached to said billboard or signboard, a notice of the same import as that required to be sent to the owner or person in charge, possession or control thereof, where the owner is known; and if such billboard or signboard shall not have been made to conform to this ordinance, and be placed in a secure, safe and substantial condition, in accordance with the requirements of such notice, within thirty days after such notice shall have been attached to such billboard or signboard, it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Buildings to thereupon cause such billboard or signboard, or such portion thereof as is constructed and maintained in violation of this ordinance, to be torn down; provided, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the Commissioner of Buildings from adopting such precautionary measures as may be necessary or advisable in case of imminent danger in order to place such billboard or signboard in a safe condition, the expense of which shall be charged to and recovered from the owner of such billboard or signboard, or person in charge, possession or control thereof, in any appropriate proceedings therefor.

SEC. 10. No permit shall be issued to any applicant for permission to erect a billboard or signboard, unless such applicant shall agree to place and maintain on the top of such billboard or signboard, the name of the person or corporation owning same, or who is in charge, possession or control thereof. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Buildings to require that the name of the person or corporation owning or in possession, charge or control of such billboard or signboard is placed upon such billboard or signboard forthwith upon the erection thereof, and is kept thereon at all times such billboard or signboard is maintained; and in case the owner of such billboard or signboard, or the person in charge, possession, or control thereof, shall refuse or fail to place and maintain such name on the same, they shall be subject to the penalty hereinafter provided for.

SEC. 11. Every person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of erecting billboards or signboards for the purpose of display advertising, shall file with the Commissioner of Buildings, within ninety days after the passage of this ordinance a full and complete report of the location and size of all existing billboards or signboards.

SEC. 12. The fee to be charged for permits issued for the erection and construction of billboards or signboards, shall be Two Dollars for each and every twenty-five square feet of surface of billboard or signboard, and an additional Two Dollars for each and every additional twenty-five square feet of surface of billboard or signboard, or fraction thereof. An annual fee shall be charged each and every person, firm or corporation owning, controlling or in possession of any billboard or signboard, for the inspection of such billboard or signboard, equal to the sum of five cents multiplied by the number of square feet of surface of said billboard or signboard, provided that such annual fee shall be charged when issued, either for a term of not less than six months nor more than one year, which shall cover the period beginning the first day of January, and running to the 31st day of December of the same year, for which period or any fraction more than six months thereof, the entire fee shall be charged, or for a term of six months or less, which shall cover the period beginning the first day of July, and running to the first day of December of the same year, for which period or any portion thereof one-half of said fee shall be charged; provided further, that no such fee to be charged shall in any instance be for any sum less than one dollar; provided further, that any permit under which no work has commenced within six months from the time of its issuance shall expire by limitation and the city shall not be required to refund any fees paid therefor. A separate application shall be made and a separate fee paid for each said signboard or billboard.

SEC. 13. Every person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of constructing, maintaining or erecting billboards or signboards, shall file with the City Controller a penal bond with sureties to be approved by the Commissioner of Buildings in the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, conditioned that such person, firm or corporation shall faithfully comply with all the provisions and requirements of this ordinance with respect to the construction, alteration, location and safety of billboards or signboards and for the payment of the inspection fee required by said ordinance, and conditioned further to indemnify, save and keep harmless said City of Indianapolis and its officials from any and all claims, damages, liabilities, losses, actions, suits or judgments, which may be presented, sustained, brought or secured against the City of Indianapolis or any of its officials on account of the construction, mainte-

nance, alteration or removal of any of said billboards or signboards, or by reason of any accidents caused by or resulting therefrom.

SEC. 14. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect or construct any billboard or signboard in any block on any public street in which one-half of the buildings on both sides of the street are used exclusively for residence purposes, without first obtaining the consent in writing of the owners or duly authorized agents of said owners owning a majority of the frontage of the property on both sides of the street, in the block in which said billboard or signboard is to be erected, constructed or located. Such written consent shall be filed with the Commissioner of Buildings before a permit shall be issued for the erection, construction or location of such billboard or signboard.

SEC. 15. The provisions of this ordinance hereof shall not be deemed to apply to any person, firm or corporation having a fixed place of business in said city, and who shall erect or maintain any advertising sign on the premises where his, their or its said business is carried on, provided that such advertising sign shall advertise only goods, wares and merchandise for sale by him, them or it, at said place of business.

SEC. 16. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect or construct any billboard, signboard or other advertising structure, upon any lot or premises, in any residence district of the City of Indianapolis, in such manner that such portion of such billboard, signboard or advertising structure is nearer to the line of any public sidewalk, street or alley, than ten feet back of the building line, and nearer than five feet to the lateral property line of the lot on which said signboard or advertising structure is erected, and such signboard and other such structure shall be erected so that the part of the signboard facing the corner of intersecting streets shall be erected on an angle of from thirty to forty-five degrees; providing this section shall not apply to the billboards, signboards or advertising structures erected immediately adjoining the building, which building, or the ground floor of such building, is used for business purposes.

SEC. 17. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to hereafter erect any billboard, signboard or other advertising structure, within the meaning of this ordinance, on any premises facing any boulevard in the City of Indianapolis nearer than three hundred feet to the building line of such boulevard.

SEC. 18. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to hereafter attach any billboard, signboard or other structure covered by this ordinance, to the face of the wall of any business building, unless the face of such billboard or signboard, or other structure, is constructed wholly of metal or other incombustible material.

Sec. 19. Any person, firm or corporation who shall maintain any billboard, signboard or other such structures, shall keep the same in a sanitary condition, and shall not allow waste or refuse from such billboard, signboard or other such structure to accumulate on or about the premises on which the same are located.

Sec. 20. No advertisements of an immoral or obscene character shall be posted, painted or displayed upon any billboard, bulletin board or sign.

Sec. 21. No billboard or signboard shall be erected or placed upon or above the roof of any building or structure within the City of Indianapolis.

Sec. 22. Any person, firm or corporation owning, operating, maintaining or in charge, possession or control of any billboard or signboard within the city, who shall fail, neglect or refuse to comply with the provisions of this ordinance, or who erects, constructs or maintains any billboard or signboard that does not comply with the provisions of this ordinance, shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than two hundred dollars for each offense; and each day on which any person shall permit or allow any billboard or signboard, owned, operated, maintained or controlled by him to be erected, constructed or maintained in violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

Sec. 23. No signboard or billboard shall be constructed, maintained or erected in any way that will interfere with the proper and convenient protection of property by the fire department, or in any way conflict with public safety or convenience, nor shall any windows or doors be obstructed or the opening thereof interfered with, by any sign, signboard or billboard or other advertising structures; nor shall any sign be attached in any form, shape or manner to a fire escape, or in such manner as to obstruct the same.

Sec. 24. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 25. This ordinance shall be in force from and after its passage and publication once each week for two consecutive weeks in the -----, a newspaper of general circulation printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, Marion County, State of Indiana.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Willson:

General Ordinance No. 25, 1918.

An Ordinance prohibiting the issuance of City Licenses to "Aliens" after July 1, 1918.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis:

SECTION 1. On and after July 1, 1918, no person shall be granted a license, or be given a free permit, to conduct any business for which a license is required by the ordinances of the City of Indianapolis, unless such person shall be a citizen of the United States, or a declarant and recognized as such by the laws of the United States, and if any applicant for a license to conduct any business for which a license is required under the ordinances of the City of Indianapolis shall be a naturalized citizen, he shall file with his application for said license a certified copy of his naturalization papers.

SEC. 2. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of the above section are hereby repealed.

SEC. 3. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on City's Welfare.

By Mr. Peake:

General Ordinance No. 26, 1918.

An Ordinance authorizing and providing for the employment of carpenters by the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis, fixing their salaries, repealing all conflicting ordinances and fixing a time when same shall take effect.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis,* That the salaries of journeymen carpenters shall be placed at \$4.80 per day and the salary of the foreman shall be \$5.20 per day.

SEC. 2. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 3. That this ordinance shall take effect May 1, 1918.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Parks.

By Mr. Peake:

General Ordinance No. 27, 1918.

An Ordinance amending Section 1 of General Ordinance No. 45, 1917.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana:

SECTION 1. That Section 1 of General Ordinance No. 45, 1917, be amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 1. That Section 748 of General Ordinance No. 12, 1917, of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto the following clause or provision requiring a license for conducting a baseball park, where an admission is charged: '*Baseball Park.* For conducting or operating any park or enclosed grounds where any game of baseball is played, to which an admission fee of more than twenty-five cents is charged, one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per annum.'"

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Public Works.

By the Board of Public Works:

General Ordinance No. 28, 1918.

An Ordinance authorizing the Board of Public Works to purchase certain equipment and to pay for same from funds already appropriated.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis:

SECTION 1. That the Board of Public Works of the City of Indianapolis be hereby authorized to purchase one asphalt road roller, said machine to be paid for in the sum of Twenty-six Hundred Dollars (\$2,600.00) from the street repair fund heretofore appropriated for said Board.

SEC. 2. That said Board of Public Works be hereby authorized to purchase two street sweeping machines for the sum of Ten Thousand Eight Hundred Dollars (\$10,800.00), same to be paid for from the street cleaning fund heretofore appropriated to said Board.

SEC. 3. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Peake :

Special Ordinance No. 4, 1918.

An Ordinance defining a part of the boundary line of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, so as to extend the same, and annexing to the City of Indianapolis certain territory contiguous thereto; providing for the publication thereof, and fixing the time when the same shall take effect.

Territory Annexed. 1. *Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana*, That the boundary line of the City of Indianapolis, from the intersection of the center line of Southern Avenue and the west line of the right-of-way of the Pennsylvania Railway Company, thence east with the center line of Southern Avenue to the east property line of Shelby Street, thence south with the east line of Shelby Street to Martin Street as located in McLain's Golden Addition to the City of Indianapolis, a plat of said addition being recorded in Plat Book —, Page —, in the Recorder's office of Marion County, Indiana, be and the same is hereby defined and extended so as to include the following described territory contiguous to the City of Indianapolis, in Marion County, Indiana, which said following described territory is hereby annexed to and made a part of the City of Indianapolis, in Marion County, Indiana, said territory so annexed being described as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Southern Avenue, said center line being the north line of the southeast quarter of Section 24, Township 15, Range 3, and the east line of the right-of-way of the Pennsylvania Railway Company, thence east with said center line of Southern Avenue to the east property line of Shelby Street, thence south with the east line of Shelby Street to Martin street, above described, thence west to the west property line of Shelby Street, thence north with the west line of Shelby Street to a point 25 feet south of the southeast corner of Section 25, Township 15, Range 3, thence west on a line 25 feet south of and parallel to the south line of the southeast quarter of Section 24, Township 15 North, Range 3 East, to the east line of the right-of-way of the Pennsylvania Railway Company, thence northwesterly with said east line of the right-of-way of said Pennsylvania Railway Company to the place of beginning.

Publication. 2. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication for two successive weeks in the Indianapolis Star, a daily newspaper printed and published in the City of Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana.

Which was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Public Works.

Mr. Peake called for General Ordinance No. 17, 1918, for second reading. It was read a second time.

Mr. Brown moved that General Ordinance No. 17, 1918, be ordered engrossed, read a third time and placed upon its passage. Carried.

General Ordinance No. 17, 1918, was read a third time and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, viz.: Messrs. Kirsch, Peake, Willson, Schmidt, Furniss, Brown, and President Carnefix.

Noes, 2, viz.: Messrs. Miller and Pettijohn.

On motion of Mr. Willson, the Common Council, at 8:30 o'clock p. m., adjourned.

Louis W. Carnefix

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President.

ATTEST:

[Signature]

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City Clerk.